U.S.N					



controller.

controllers?

P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum)

Fifth Semester, B.E. - Electrical and Electronics Engineering Semester End Examination; Dec - 2016/Jan - 2017 Power Electronics

Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100 Note: i) Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit. ii) Assume missing data if any. UNIT - I 1 a. List the major types of power electronic circuits and mention in each case, the type of input 8 supply given and the output we get. b. Mention two applications of each power electronic converter. 6 c. What are the peripheral effects of power electronic equipment? 6 2 a. With neat wave forms, explain the switching characteristics of Power B.J.T. 8 b. List the merits, demerits and applications of MOSFETs. c. Compare BJT and IGBT. 3 **UNIT - II** 3 a. What is $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{dv}{dt}$? How power electronic devices are protected against $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{dv}{dt}$? 8 b. What is isolation? Why isolation is necessary in power electronic circuits? Explain in brief. 5 c. Explain the typical gate drive circuit for MOSFET. 7 4 a. Using two transistor analogy explain the principle of switching on of an SCR. 8 b. A SCR is connected in series with a 0.5 H inductor and 20 Ω resistance. A 100 V DC voltage is 5 applied to this circuit. If the latching current of the SCR is 4 mA, find the maximum width of the gate triggering pulse required to properly turn - ON the SCR. c. Briefly explain the necessity of series and parallel connection of thyristors. 7 **UNIT - III** 5 a. Distinguish between natural commutation and forced commutation for SCR with illustrative 10 examples. b. Explain with the help of a circuit and relevant wave forms, the commutation of SCR using an 10 LC circuit. 6 a. What is AC voltage controller? Explain two types of AC voltage control. 5 b. Derive an expression for R.M.S. and average value of output voltage for 1-φ half wave

c. What are the advantages and disadvantages of ON-OFF control used in AC voltage

10

5

UNIT - IV

7 a.	a. Derive an expression for average and r.m.s. value of the load voltage for the step down chopped					
	having inductive load.					
b.	A chopper circuit drives an inductive load from 200 V DC supply. Given the load resistance as					
	4 Ω , the average load current as 30 A and operating frequency is 400 Hz. Compute the ON	10				
	period and OFF period of the chopper. Also determine the duty cycle of the chopper.					
8 a.	Explain the operation of a 1-φ full wave bridge inverter.	10				
b.	Explain 120° mode of 3-φ inverters with the help of wave forms.	10				
	UNIT - V					
9 a.	a. Derive an expression for average value of o/p voltage for 1-φ half wave controlled rectifier f					
	RL load and freewheeling diode.	10				
b.	A 1-φ half wave converter is operated from a 120 V, 50 Hz supply and the load resistance					
	$R=10~\Omega.$ If the average output voltage is 25% of the maximum possible average o/p voltage,					
	calculate:					
	i) Delay angle α					
	ii) Average of r.m.s. output currents					
	iii) Average and r.m.s. thyristor currents.					
10 a.	$0\mathrm{a.}$ What is a dual converter? Draw the power circuit arrangement of a 1ϕ dual converter. Wh					
	are the applications of dual converters?	10				
b.	b. Derive the expression for average o/p voltage of 3\$\phi\$ half wave converter for highly inductive					
	load.					
c.	What are the advantages of 3-h rectifiers over single phase rectifier circuits?	4				