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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

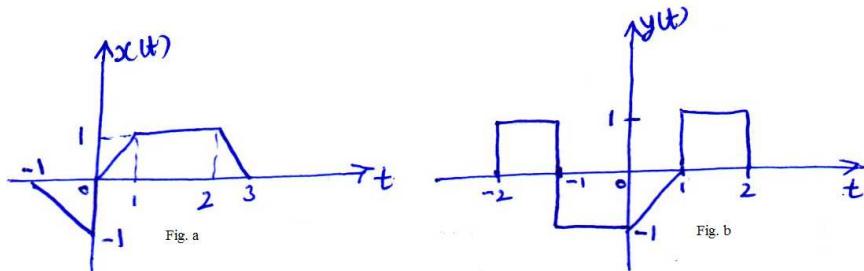
(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum)

Fourth Semester, B.E. - Electronics and Communication Engineering**Semester End Examination; June - 2016****Fundamentals of Signals****Time: 3 hrs****Max. Marks: 100****Note:** Answer any **FIVE** full questions, selecting **ONE** full question from each **unit**.**UNIT - I**

- 1 a. Mention the classification of signals and explain each with example. 8

- b. Function
- $x(t)$
- and
- $y(t)$
- are given in Fig. (a) and Fig. (b). Sketch the following signals.

i) $x(t+1)y(t-2)$ ii) $x(t)y(-1-t)$



- c. For the given function
- $x(t)$
- , determine whether the signal is periodic or non periodic , find the fundamental period. 6

i) $x(t) = e^{2t} \cos 15t$ ii) $x(t) = \sin \frac{2}{\pi t}$

- 2 a. Show that the product of two even signals or two odd signals is an even signal, while the product of even and odd signal is an odd signal. 8

- b. Determine whether the system is stable, causal, linear, time invariant and memory less.

i) $y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$ ii) $y(t) = x(2-t)$

- c. For the given discrete time system, draw the serial and parallel block. 4

$$y(n) = 2x(n) + 3x(n-1) + \frac{1}{2}x(n-3) + 0.4x(n-4)$$

UNIT - II

- 3 a. Perform the convolution integral of the following signals. 10

$$x(t) = t[u(t) - u(t-3)], \quad h(t) = t[u(t) - u(t-1)]$$

- b. Explain convolution sum procedure with neat diagram at each stage, using an example. 10

$$x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}, \quad h(t) = \{1, 1, 2, 2\}$$

- 4 a. Draw the direct form I and form II realization of the system. 10

$$i) \frac{1}{3} \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + y(t) = 3x(t) + 4 \frac{d^2 x(t)}{dt^2}$$

$$ii) 4y(t) = \frac{1}{3}x(t) + 3 \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2}$$

- b. Find the total response for the given system .

$$y''(t) + 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = x(t), \quad t \geq 0$$

with $y(0) = 3$ and $y'(0) = 4$, if $x(t) = 4e^{-2t}$.

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UNIT - III

- 5 a. State and prove the properties of Fourier series 10
 i) Linearity ii) Convolution iii) Time shift
- b. Determine the complex exponential Fourier series representation. 10
 i) $x_1(t) = \cos w_0 t$ ii) $x_2(t) = \cos 4t + \sin 6t$
- 6 a. State and prove the convolution and modulation properties of Fourier transform. 10
- b. Find the Fourier transform of the following signals and sketch the graph. 10
 i) $x(t) = e^{-at|t|}$, $a > 0$ ii) $x(t) = \sin(\pi t)e^{-2t}u(t)$

UNIT - IV

- 7 a. State and prove the Parseval's and differentiation properties of DTFT. 10
- b. Determine the DTFS coefficient for the given function. 10
 i) $x(n) = \begin{cases} 1, 2, 3, 4 \\ \uparrow \end{cases}$ ii) $x(n) = \cos\left[\frac{\pi}{4}n\right]$
- 8 a. State and prove Sampling theorem. Define aliasing distortion. 10
- b. State and prove the following properties of DTFT, 10
 i) Frequency shift ii) Modulation

UNIT - V

- 9 a. State and prove timing shifting and convolution properties of Z-transform. 8
- b. Find the Z - transform of the following discrete time signals, indicate ROC 12
 i) $x(n) = 2^n u(n) + 3(\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)$
 ii) $x(n) = 3(\frac{-1}{2})^n u(n) - 2[3^n u(n-1)]$
 iii) $x(n) = 3^{n+1} u(n) - 2(\frac{1}{2})^n u(-n-1)$
- 10 a. Find the Inverse Z-transform of the following X(Z), 10
 i) $X(Z) = \log\left(\frac{1}{1-az^{-1}}\right)$, $|Z| > |a|$ ii) $X(Z) = \log\left(\frac{1}{1-a^{-1}z}\right)$, $|Z| < |a|$
- b. Explain the properties of ROC in Z - transform 10