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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401 (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum) Third Semester, B.E Information Science and Engineering Semester End Examination; Dec2015 Discrete Mathematical Structure		
	e: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100 : Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit .	
ποιε	UNIT - I	
1 a.	How many arrangements are there for all letters in the word SOCIOLOGICAL	
	(i) How many of these arrangements 'A' and 'G' are adjacent	7
	(ii) How many of these arrangements all the vowels are adjacent?.	
b.	For any sets A, B, C, D prove by this using the laws of set theory that	_
	$(A \cap B) \cup (A \cap B \cap \overline{C} \cap D) \cup (\overline{A} \cap B) = B$	7
c.	A problem is given to four students A, B, C, D whose chances of solving it are	
	$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}$ respectively find the probability that problem is solved.	6
2 a.	Using Venn diagram, prove that for any 3 sets A, B, C $\overline{(A \cup B) \cap C} = (\overline{A} \cap \overline{B}) \cup \overline{C}$	7
b.	If A,B,C are finite sets prove the following extended addition principle	
	$ A \cup B \cup C = A + B + C - A \cap B - B \cap C - A \cap C + A \cap B \cap C $	6
c.	A women has 11 close relatives and she wishes to invite 5 of them to dinner in how many	
	ways can she invite them in the following situations She invite them in the following situation	
	(i) There is no restriction on the choice	7
	(ii) Two particular persons will not attend separately	
	(iii) Two particular persons will not attend together.	
UNIT - II		
3 a.	Prove that, for any proportions p, q, r the compound proportion $ \begin{cases} f(x,y) \\ f(x,y)$	7
	${p \to (q \to r)} \to {(p \to q) \to (p \to r)}$ is a tautology.	
b.	Prove the following logical equivalence without using truth table:	6
	$\left[p \lor q \lor \left(\neg p \land \neg q \land r \right) \right] \Leftrightarrow \left(p \lor q \lor r \right)$	0
c.	Test whether the following argument is valid	
	$p \rightarrow q$	7
	$r \rightarrow s$ $p \lor r$	
	$\frac{p \lor r}{\therefore q \lor s}$	

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4 a. Prove the validity of the following argument:

$$\left[\left(\neg p \lor \neg q \right) \to \left(r \lor s \right) \right] \land \left[r \to t \right] \land \left[\neg t \right] \Rightarrow p$$

- b. Find whether the following argument is invalid No Engineering student of 1st or 2nd semester studies logic Anil is an engineering student who studies logic
 - : Anil is not in Second Semester.
- c. Let p, q, r be propositions having truth valves F, F, T respectively. Find the truth values of the following compound propositions:
 - 6 i) $(p \lor q) \lor r$ ii) $(p \land q) \land r$ iii) $(p \land q) \rightarrow r$ iv) $p \to (q \land r)$ v) $P \land (r \to q)$ vi) $p \to (q \to (\neg r))$ UNIT - III

5 a. Give a (i) direct proof (ii) An Indirect proof (iii) Proof by contradiction, for the following statement. " If n is an odd integer; then n + 9 is an even integer"

- b. Prove mathematical by induction that for all positive integers 6 $n \ge 1$, $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$
- c. Find the number of ways of distribution 4 distinct objects among three identical containers, with some containers possibly empty.
- 6. a. ABC is equilateral triangle whole sides are of length 1 cm each. If we select 5 points inside the triangle. Prove that at least two of these points are such that the distance between than is 6 less than $\frac{1}{2}$ cm.
 - b. Let $f: R \to R$ be defined by

$$f(0) = \begin{cases} 3x-5 & \text{for } x > 0\\ 3x+1 & \text{for } x \le 0 \end{cases}$$

$$7$$

Determine $f(0), f(-1), f(\frac{5}{3}), f^{-1}(1), f^{-1}(3), f^{-1}(-3)$

c. Let f, g, h be functions from R to R defined by f(x) = x+2, g(x) = x-2, h(x) = 3x for all $x \in R$ Find gof, fog, gog, hof, hog, fof, fohog

UNIT - IV

7 a. If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ & R is a relation on A defined by $R = \{(1, 2)(1, 3)(2, 4)(3, 2)(3, 3)(3, 4)\}$ Find $R^2 \& R^3$ Verify that $M(R^2) = \left[M(R)\right]^2 \& M(R^3) = \left[M(R)\right]^3$

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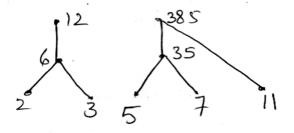
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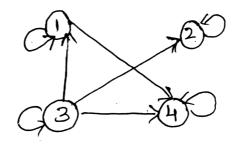
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- b. Find the number of equivalence relations that can be defined on finite Set A with |A| = 6
- c. Draw Hasse diagram representing the positive divisors of 36.
- 8 a. For the poset (A, R) defined on the set $A = \{2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12, 35, 385 \text{ as represented by the following Hasse diagram find}$

 $(L \cup B)$ {2,3}, $(L \cup B)$ {2,12}, $(L \cup B)$ {3,6}, $(L \cup B)$ {5,7} GLB{2,12}, GLB{3,6}, GLB{6,12}, GLB{35,385}



b. The digraph for a relation on set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ is as shown below.



i) verify that (A, R) is a poset and Draw its Hasse diagram

ii) How many more directed edges are needed in the digraph of 'R' to extent 'R' to a total order?

c. Let $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ consider the partition $P = \{\{a, b\} \{c, d\} \{e\}\} of A$ Find the equivalence relation inducing this partition

UNIT - V

- ⁹ a. Let G be the set of all non-zero real numbers and let $a * b = \frac{1}{2}ab$ Show that (G, *) is an Abelian group.
 - b. State and prove Lagrange's theorem.
 - c. The word c = 1010110 is sent through a binary symmetric channel. If p = 0.02 is the probability that c is received as r = 1011111 Determine the error pattern.
- 10 a. For the group $G = (Z_{12} +)$ and the subgroup $H = \{[0], [4], [8]\}$ find all the left coset of H in G. Also, obtain the corresponding coset decomposition of G.

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b. The parity check matrix for an encoding function $E: Z_2^3 \to Z_2^6$ is given by

 $H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

i) Determine the associated generator matrix.

ii) Does this code correct all single errors in transmission?

c. Find all integers k and m for which (z, \oplus, Θ) is a ring under the binary operations

 $x \oplus y = x + y - k$, $x\Theta y = x + y - mxy$

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