



## P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum)

**Fifth Semester, B.E. - Information Science and Engineering**

**Semester End Examination; Dec. - 2015**

**Communication Networks**

*Time: 3 hrs*

*Max. Marks: 100*

*Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least ONE full question from each unit.*

### UNIT - I

- |      |   |   |
|------|---|---|
| 1 a. | Explain mesh and star topology with their advantages and disadvantages.                             | 8 |
|      | b. Match the following to one or more layers of the OSI model,                                      |   |
|      | i) Flow control   |   |
|      | ii) Route determination   | 5 |
|      | iii) Provides access for the end user   |   |
|      | iv) Establishes, manages and terminates sessions  |   |
|      | v) Ensure reliable transmission of data.  |   |
|      | c. With neat diagram, explain TCP / IP protocol suite.  | 7 |
| 2 a. | Explain three types of transmission Impairment.   | 6 |
|      | b. The attenuation of a signal is - 12 dB. What is the final signal power if it was originally 4 W? | 6 |
|      | c. A signal with 300 mW power passes through 10 devices, each with an average noise of 3 $\mu$ w.   | 8 |
|      | What is the SNR? What is the SNR <sub>dB</sub> ?  |   |

### UNIT - II

- |      |   |    |
|------|---|----|
| 3 a. | Draw the graph of Manchester and differential Manchester scheme using each of the following data, | 8  |
|      | i) 00110011      ii) 01010101   |    |
|      | b. With example, explain B8ZS and HDB3 scrambling techniques.                                     | 6  |
|      | c. Describe the three ways of serial transmission.  | 6  |
| 4 a. | Explain BASK and BFSK with implementation.  | 10 |
|      | b. Explain twisted pair cable and coaxial cable with applications.                                | 10 |

### UNIT - III

- |      |   |   |
|------|---|---|
| 5 a. | With a neat diagram, explain the encoder and decoder for simple parity check code.      | 8 |
|      | b. Given the data word 1001 and the divisor 1011,                                       |   |
|      | i) Show the generation of codeword at the sender site (CRC encoding using polynomials). | 8 |
|      | ii) Show the checking of codeword at the receiver site (assume no errors).              |   |

- c. Which of the following generator  $g(x)$  values generates that a single - bit error is caught in cyclic codes? For each case, which is the error that cannot be caught? 4
- i)  $x + 1$             ii)  $x^3$
- 6 a. Explain character-oriented and Bit – oriented protocols. 8
- b. Write and analyse sender site and receiver site algorithm for stop - and - wait ARQ Protocol. 12

#### UNIT - IV

- 7 a. Explain the control field format for the different frame types of HDLC frame. 10
- b. List the services provided by point - to - point protocol. Describe the PPP frame format. 10
- 8 a. Explain how collision are avoided through the use of CSMA/CA. 6
- b. Explain the three popular controlled - access methods. 8
- c. Describe the format of the 802.3 MAC frame. 6

#### UNIT - V

- 9 a. Explain hidden and exposed station problem with solution. 10
- b. Explain the two types of networks in Bluetooth. 5
- c. Describe the radio layer of Bluetooth. 5
- 10a. Explain bus and star backbone architectures. 10
- b. Explain briefly virtual LAN's. 10

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