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## P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum)

First Semester, B.E. - Make-up Examination; Jan / Feb - 2017

### Engineering Chemistry

(Common to all Branches)

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit.*

#### UNIT - I

- 1 a. What are fuels? How are they classified? Mention example for each. 5
- b. Define cracking and explain fluidized catalytic cracking process. 5
- c. Explain octane number and cetane number. 5
- d. Calculate the GCV and NCV of a gaseous fuel at STP given 0.03 m<sup>3</sup> of the gas at STP raised the temperature of 6 kg of water by 16°C and 13.8 cm<sup>3</sup> of water was collected. Specific heat of water is 4.187 kJ/kg/°C and latent heat of steam at STP is 2.457 kJ/kg. 5
- 2 a. State Gibbs phase rule. Explain the terms involved in the phase rule with example. 6
- b. Draw a neat labeled phase diagram of water system and explain areas, curves and triple point in it. 7
- c. Write short notes on : 4
  - i) Reformation of Petrol      ii) Unleaded petrol. 3

#### UNIT - II

- 3 a. Define single electrode potential and derive Nernst's equation for single electrode. 5
- b. Describe the construction and working of calomel electrode. 5
- c. Explain the determination of pH of an electrolyte using glass electrode. 5
- d. A cell is formed by dipping Nickel rod in 0.01 m Ni<sup>2+</sup> solution and lead rod in 0.5 m Pb<sup>2+</sup> solution. The standard electrode potential of Ni and Pb are 0.24 V and -0.13 V respectively. 5  
Write the cell reaction, cell representation and calculate the emf of the cell.
- 4 a. Discuss the following battery characteristics : 6
  - i) EMF      ii) Capacity      iii) Shelf life.
- b. Explain the construction, working and applications of Nickel-Metal hydride battery. 5
- c. Write the differences between battery and fuel cell. 4
- d. Give the construction, working and applications of H<sub>2</sub>-O<sub>2</sub> fuel cell. 5

#### UNIT - III

- 5 a. Define corrosion. Explain the differential aeration theory of corrosion with example. 6
- b. Explain the cathodic protection of corrosion. 5
- c. Write a short note on corrosion inhibitors. 5

- d. Discuss the following factors on the rate of corrosion : 4  
 i) pH                      ii) Nature of metal.
6. a. What is metal finishing? Mention the technological importance of metal finishing. 5  
 b. Explain the following factors affecting the nature of electro deposit : 6  
 i) Complexing agent              ii) pH              iii) Temperature.
- c. Write the differences between electroplating and electroless plating. 4  
 d. Describe the process of electroless plating of Nickel. 5

#### UNIT - IV

- 7 a. What are adhesives? Give the synthesis and applications of epoxy resin. 5  
 b. Explain the preparation, properties and applications of the following polymers : 9  
 i) PMMA              ii) Kevlar              iii) Urea formaldehyde resin.
- c. How silicon rubber is synthesized? Mention the applications of silicon rubber. 6
- 8 a. Discuss the following properties of cement : 9  
 i) Soundness      ii) Quality              iii) Setting time.
- b. Write short notes on : 6  
 i) Vulcanization              ii) Compounding of rubber.
- c. Define lubricant and discuss the important functions of lubricant. 5

#### UNIT - V

- 9 a. Distinguish between thermo tropic and lyotropic liquid crystals. 7  
 b. Explain the applications of liquid crystals in display systems. 6  
 c. How nano crystals are prepared by chemical vapour deposition method and give their applications. 7
- 10 a. What are boiler scales? Explain how boiler scales are formed and mention the ill effects? 6  
 b. Explain the various steps involved in the treatment of water for municipal supply. 7  
 c. What is desalination? Explain the desalination of sea water by electrolysis. 7

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