



P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum)

Second Semester, B.E. - Semester End Examination; June - 2016

Engineering Mathematics - II

(Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit.

UNIT - I

1. a. Test for consistency and hence solve the following system of linear equations, 6
 $2x + y + z = 10, \quad 3x + 2y + 3z = 18, \quad x + 4y + 9z = 16.$
- b. Solve the system of equations by using Gauss-Jordan Method: 7
 $4x + 3y + z = 13; \quad 2x - y - z = -3; \quad 7x + y - 3z = 0.$
- c. Solve the following linear equation : 7
 $2x + 3y + z = 9; \quad x + 2y + 3z = 6; \quad 3x + y + 2z = 8,$ by LU-decomposition method.
- 2 a. Find all the Eigen values and Eigen vector corresponding to the largest Eigen value of the matrix 6

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 3 \\ 3 & -5 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
- b. Find the inverse of the matrix using Cayley-Hamilton theorem 7

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & -3 \\ -2 & -4 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$
- c. Find the model Matrix P which diagonalizes the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}.$ 7

UNIT - II

- 3 a. Solve: $\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} + 4y = 0.$ 6
- b. Solve: $(D^2 + 3D + 2)y = 2x^2 + 4x + 1.$ 7
- c. Solve: $y'' - 4y' = x \sinh x.$ 7
- 4 a. Solve: $y'' - 2y' + y = e^x \log x$ by the method of variation of parameter. 6
- b. Solve: $y'' + y = 2 \cos x$ by the method of undetermined coefficients. 7
- c. Solve: $(1+x)^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dy^2} + (1+x) \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2 \sin[\log(1+x)].$ 7

UNIT - III

- 5 a. Find Laplace transform of : 6
- i) $t e^{-t} \sin 3t$
- ii) $\frac{1 - \cos 2t}{t}$

b. Define a unit of step function. Using this, find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = t^2$ for $0 < t \leq 2$ and $f(t) = 0$ for $t > 2$. 7

c. Find the Laplace transform,

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin wt & 0 < t < \pi/w, \\ 0, & \pi/w < t < 2\pi/w \end{cases} \quad \text{and} \quad f\left(t + \frac{2\pi}{w}\right) = f(t). \quad 7$$

6 a. Find the Inverse Laplace transform of the following :

$$\frac{5s + 3}{(s - 1)(s^2 + 2s + 5)} \quad 6$$

b. Find $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 4)} \right\}$ by using convolution theorem. 7

c. Solve: $y'' + 4y' + 4y = e^{-t}$ $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$ by Laplace transform method. 7

UNIT - IV

7 a. Find the possible percentage error in computing the resistance 'r' from the formula,

$$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r_1} + \frac{1}{r_2}, \text{ if } r_1, r_2 \text{ are both in error by } 2\%. \quad 6$$

b. Expand $e^{ax} \cos$ by in Taylor Series upto second degree terms about the origin. 7

c. Find the stationary value of $x^2 y^3 z^4$ subject to the condition $x + y + z = 5$. 7

8 a. If $F = (5xy - 6x^2)\hat{i} + (2y - 4x)\hat{j}$, Evaluate $\int_C F \cdot dr$ along the curve C in the xy - plane, $y = x^3$ from the point (1,1) to (2,8). 6

b. Apply Green theorem to evaluate $\int_C (2x^2 - y^2)dx + (x^2 + y^2)dy$ where C is the boundary of the area enclosed by x-axis and the upper-half of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$. 7

c. Evaluate by using Gauss Divergence theorem $\iiint_s (yz\hat{i} + zx\hat{j} + xy\hat{k}) \cdot \hat{n} ds$ where s is the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ in the first Octant. 7

UNIT - V

9 a. Evaluate: $\int_0^a \int_0^x \int_0^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} dx dy dz$. 6

b. Evaluate: $\iint_R xy(x + y) dx dy$ over the area between $y = x^2$ and $y = x$. 7

c. Evaluate: $\int_0^\infty \int_0^x x e^{-x^2/y} dx dy$ by change the order of integration. 7

10 a. Find the area of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ by double integration. 6

b. Find the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by the planes $x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ and $x + y + z = 1$. 7

c. Using Beta and Gamma function Show that,

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\cot \theta} d\theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad 7$$