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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Third Semester, B.E. - Electronics and Communication Engineering Semester End Examination; Dec - 2017/Jan - 2018 FET and Op-Amp Circuits

Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100

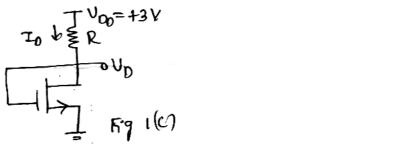
Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit.

UNIT - I

1 a. Explain the formation of channel for current flow in NMOS transistor. Also determine the total capacitance between gate and channel.

b. Explain how MOSFET is used as a switch? 5

c. Design the circuit in Fig. 1(c) to obtain a current I_D of 80 μA . Find the value required for R, and find the dc voltage V_D . Let the NMOS transistor have $V_t = 0.6$ V, $\mu_n C_{ox} = 200$ $\mu A/V^2$, L = 0.8 μm and $\omega = 4$ μm . Neglect the channel length modulation effect. ($\lambda = 0$).



- 2 a. Draw a hybrid- π model of common source MOSFET amplifier. Show that overall gain is given by $A_V = -g_m(R_D \mid R_L \mid r_0)$.
 - b. Draw and explain frequency response of capacitively coupled common-source amplifier.

UNIT-II

3 a. Draw and explain the internal circuit of basic Op-Amp.

asic Op-Amp. 7

- b. Explain the following:
 - i) CMRR ii) PSRR iii) Input offset voltage.
- c. Design an inverting amplifier using a 741 Op-Amp. The voltage gain is to be 50 and the output voltage amplitude is to be 2.5 V.
- 4 a. Briefly explain a high input impedance capacitor coupled voltage follower.
 - b. Write the circuit diagram, explain high Z_{in} capacitor-coupled Non-inverting amplifier.

UNIT - III

- 5 a. For an inverting amplifier, explain how to set the upper cut-off frequency?
 - b. With a neat diagram, explain phase-lag and phase lead frequency compensation methods.
 - c. Define the following:
 - i) Gain bandwidth product ii) Full Power bandwidth.

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6 a. List the precautions that should be observed for Op-Amp circuit stability.		6
b.	Write the circuit of a current source for a floating load and explain its circuit operation.	6
c.	With a circuit diagram, explain the working of current amplifiers.	8
	UNIT - IV	
7 a.	Sketch the circuit, typical input and output waveform of an Op-Amp employed as a non-inverting zero crossing detectors. Explain the circuit operation.	7
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υ.	Design an inverting Schmitt trigger circuit for the following specification $V_{CC} = \pm 12 \text{ V}$, trigger point = $\pm 2 \text{ V}$.	6
c.	With a neat diagram, explain the circuit operation of differentiating circuits.	7
8 a.	With circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the working of precision rectifier peak detector	10
	circuit.	1(
b.	With a neat circuit diagram and voltage waveform, explain the operation of sample and hold	10
	circuit.	10
	UNIT - V	
9 a.	Explain the working operation of triangular wave generator.	10
b.	State Barkhausen criteria. Explain the phase shift oscillator circuit.	10
10 a.	Sketch the circuit of a first order high pass filter and explain how it operates?	8
b.	Define the following parameter with respect to voltage regulator circuit:	
	i) Source effect	4
	ii) Load effect.	
c.	Discuss the operation and performance of adjustable output regulator.	8