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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Third Semester, B.E. - Electronics and Communication Engineering

Semester End Examination; Dec - 2017 / Jan - 2018

Fundamentals of Signals

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer **FIVE** full questions, selecting **ONE** full question from each unit.

UNIT - I

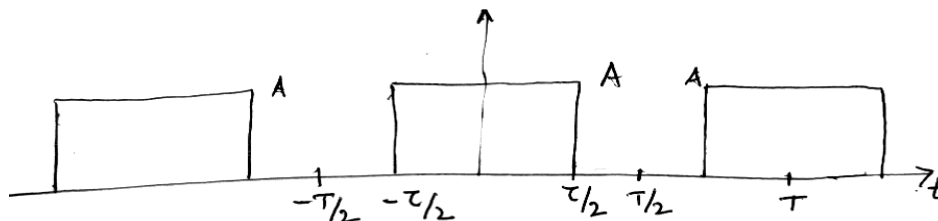
- 1 a. Define a signal and a system. Explain any two properties of a LTI system. 6
- b. Check whether the following signals are periodic or not. If periodic, determine their fundamental period.
- (i) $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{7}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{2}\right)$ 8
- (ii) $x(n) = \cos n\pi [u(n+4) - u(n-5)]$
- (iii) $x(t) = \left[2\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) - 1\right]\cos \pi t.$
- c. Sketch the following signals : 6
- (i) $r(t) - r(t-1) - r(t-3) + r(t-4) = r_1(t)$ 6
- (ii) $r_2(t) = r(-0.25t + 1).$
- 2 a. For the system given below, determine whether the system is (i) Linear (ii) Time invariant (iii) Casual (iv) Stable (v) Memoryless 10
- (I) $y(t) = x\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$ 10
- (II) $y(n) = 2x(n) - u(n).$
- b. What is the difference between odd and even signal? 5
- c. Determine the stability, casuality of the system $y(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n x(k).$ 5

UNIT - II

- 3 a. For the difference equation given, find the complete response; 10
- $y(n) - \frac{1}{9}y(n-2) = x(n-1)$ with $y(-1) = 1$, $y(-2) = 0$ and $x(n) = u(n).$
- b. Draw the direct form I and direct form II Implementation for the system given below: 10
- $\frac{d^3y(t)}{dt^3} + 2\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 3y(t) = x(t) + 3\frac{dx(t)}{dt}.$
- 4 a. Perform the convolution Integral of the following signals : 10
- $x(t) = e^t u(-t)$ 10
- $h(t) = e^t u(t).$
- b. Explain convolution sum procedure for the given signal with neat diagrams at each stage 10
- $x(n) = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $h(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1, 1\}.$

UNIT - III

- 5 a. State and prove the time shift and convolution properties of fourier series. 10
- b. Determine the fourier series representation of the waveform shown below. 10



- 6 a. State and prove the time shift and time differentiation properties of fourier transform. 10
 b. Find the fourier transform of the following signals : 10
 (i) $x(t) = e^{-t-1}u(t)$ (ii) $x(t) = e^{-t-j\pi t}u(t)$.

UNIT - IV

- 7 a. State and prove Parseval's theorem as applied to DTFS. 6
 b. Determine the complex FS for the periodic discrete time signal; 8

$$x(n) = 2 + \cos\left(\frac{3\pi n}{8}\right) + 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{7\pi n}{8}\right).$$

 c. Determine the DTFT of the following signals : 6
 (i) $x(n) = (n+1)a^n u(n)$ (ii) $Z(n) = \{a^{2n} + a^{n+n_0}\}u(n)$.
 8 a. State and explain sampling theorem. 5
 b. Explain the process of reconstruction of continuous time signals from sampler. 7
 c. Determine the Nyquist sampling rate and Nyquist Sampling interval for 8
 (i) $x_1(t) = 2 \sin(100\pi t)$ (ii) $x_2(t) = \sin C(100\pi t) + 3 \sin C^3(60\pi t)$
 (iii) $x_3(t) = \frac{1}{2} \sin C(100\pi t) + \frac{1}{2} \sin C(50\pi t)$.

UNIT - V

- 9 a. Explain any three properties of ROC of Z-transform with an example. 6
 b. Find the Z-transform of the following sequence; 8
 (i) $x_1(n) = -u(-n-1) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$ (ii) $x(n) = 2^{|n|}$.
 c. Find the inverse Z-transform of $X(Z)$ using partial fraction approach; 6

$$X(Z) = \frac{Z^2}{Z^2 - \frac{3}{2}Z + \frac{1}{2}}, \quad |Z| > 1.$$

 10 a. Solve the difference equation $y(n) + 2y(n-1) = x(n)$ with $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$ and $y(-1) = 1$. 10
 b. Determine whether the following system is casual and stable; 4

$$H(Z) = \frac{1 + 2Z^{-1}}{1 + \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)Z^{-1} + \left(\frac{9}{25}\right)Z^{-2}}.$$

 c. If $h(n) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-2} u(n-1)$. 6
 Determine the transfer function and difference equation.