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## P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Fifth Semester, B.E. - Electronics and Communication Engineering

Semester End Examination; Dec - 2017/Jan - 2018

### Optical Communication Systems

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** i) Answer **FIVE** full questions, selecting **ONE** full question from each unit.

ii) Assume missing data suitably.

#### UNIT - I

- 1 a. Compare conventional single mode and multimode step index and graded index optical fibers with neat diagrams. Mention the advantages and disadvantages between them. 7
- b. Consider three multimode step index optical fibers, each of which has a core index of 1.48 and index difference  $\Delta = 0.01$ . Assume the three fibers have core diameters of 50, 62.5 and 100  $\mu\text{m}$ . What are the numbers of modes in these fibers at a wavelength of 1550 nm? 6
- c. Define Bending Losses. Explain macrobending and microbending in detail with neat diagrams. Also explain Power Coupling to higher order modes in microbending. 7
- 2 a. With neat diagram, explain Spot size and Mode field diameter in Single mode fibers. 5
- b. Define Acceptance angle. Develop an expression for Numerical aperture and acceptance angle in case of Step index fibers. 8
- c. Briefly explain Material dispersion and Polarization mode dispersion with neat diagrams. 7

#### UNIT - II

- 3 a. Explain the Laser diode modes and Threshold considerations with neat diagrams. 7
- b. Explain Fiber splicing and types of splicing techniques with neat diagrams. 8
- c. A double hetero junction InGaAsP LED emitting at a peak wavelength of 1310 nm has radiative and non-radiative recombination times of 30 ns and 100 ns respectively. The drive current is 40 mA. Find; 5
  - i) The bulk recombination time
  - ii) The internal quantum efficiency
  - iii) The internal power level.
- 4 a. With neat diagram, explain the working of Surface Emitting LED. 8
- b. A GaAs laser operating at 850 nm has a 500  $\mu\text{m}$  length and a refractive index  $n = 3.7$ ;
  - i) What are the frequency spacing and the wavelength spacing? 6
  - ii) If, at the half-power point,  $\lambda - \lambda_0 = 2$  nm, what is the spectral width  $\sigma$  of the Gain?
- c. Discuss with sketches, the different lensing schemes used to improve the optical source to fiber coupling efficiency. 6

**UNIT - III**

- 5 a. Explain the working of Reach-through photo diode structure. 8
- b. Explain the Eye diagram with neat diagram to show the fundamental measurements parameters. 7
- c. An InGaAs pin photodiode has the following parameters at a wavelength of 1300 nm:  $I_D = 4 \text{ nA}$ ,  $\eta = 0.90$ ,  $R_L = 1000 \ \Omega$  and the surface leakage current is negligible. The incident optical power is 300 nW and the receiver bandwidth is 20 MHz. Find the primary photocurrent and mean-square short noise current. 5
- 6 a. Define SNR of photodetector noise. Explain photodetector receiver with its circuit diagram and its mathematical model. 8
- b. With the help of circuit diagram, describe the working of a trans impedance amplifier. 5
- c. Briefly explain digital signal transmission indicating the signal path through an optical data link at each stage with neat diagram. 7

**UNIT - IV**

- 7 a. Develop the expression for the total rise time of the optical digital link. 7
- b. With neat diagram, explain the characteristics of 2 x 2 waveguide coupler. 5
- c. Explain the following : 8
- i) Multichannel AM                      ii) Subcarrier multiplexing.
- 8 a. Discuss the basic constituents of a generic RF over Fiber link. 6
- b. Briefly explain optical isolators and optical circulators with necessary diagrams. 6
- c. With neat diagram, explain the formation of Fiber Bragg Grating by means of two intersecting ultraviolet light beams. Also get the expression for fraction of optical power in fiber core. 8

**UNIT - V**

- 9 a. With simplified energy level diagram, discuss the amplification mechanisms and various transition process of EDFA. 8
- b. Explain with diagrams and transmission rate table, the basic structure of STS-1 SONET frame, STS-N SONET frame and STM-N SDH frame. 12
- 10 a. Describe briefly the Inline optical amplifiers, preamplifiers, power amplifiers and LAN signal booster with neat diagrams. 8
- b. Explain the network topologies of basic optical fiber network with neat diagrams. 6
- c. Briefly discuss the optical cross connect architecture using optical source switches and wavelength connectors. 6