

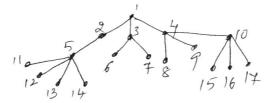
b. Show that all trees are planar.

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## P13CS42

c. Write pre-order, post-order, traversal for the following tree.



- d. Explain the steps involved in merge sort algorithm.
- 6 a. Construct an optimal prefix code for the symbols a, o, q, u, y, z that occur with frequencies 20, 28, 4, 17, 12, 7 respectively.
  - b. Explain the steps involved in Dijkstra's algorithm.
  - c. Explain Prim's algorithm.
  - d. Explain Kruskal's algorithm.

## UNIT - IV

- 7 a. Buick automobiles come in four models, 12 colours, three engine sizes and two transmission types.
  - (i) How many distinct Buicks can be manufactured?
  - (ii) If one of the available colours is blue how many different blue Buicks can be manufactured? 5
  - b. i) How many permutations for eight letters a, c, f, g, i, t, w, x.
    - ii) Consider the permutations in part <i>. How many start with letter t? How many starts with letter t and end with letter c?
  - c. Find the number of arrangements of the letters in TALLAHASSEE. How many of these arrangements have no adjacent A's?
  - d. How many bytes contain :
    - (i) Exactly two 1's (ii) exactly four 1's (iii) exactly six 1's (iv) at least six 1's.
- 8 a. How many integer solutions are there for the equation  $C_1+C_2+C_3+C_4=25$ , if  $0 \le C_i$ , for all  $1 \le i \le 4$ ?

b. Determine the co-efficient of 
$$x^8$$
 in  $\frac{1}{(x-3)(x-2)^2}$ .

c. Find a formula for  $\sum_{k=1}^{n} k$  using generating function for the sequence 0,1,3,6,10,15,...

## UNIT - V

9 a.	Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = 7a_{n-1}$ , where $n \ge 1$ and $a_2 = 98$ .	8
b.	Solve the recurrence relation $F_{n+2} = F_{n+1} + F_n$ where $n \ge 0$ and $F_0 = 0$ , $F_1 = 1$ .	7
c.	Solve recurrence relation $2a_{n+3} = a_{n+2} + 2a_{n+1} - a_n$ , $n \ge 0$ , $a_0 = 0$ , $a_1 = 1$ , $a_2 = 2$ .	5
10 a.	Solve recurrence relation $a_n-3a_{n-1} = 5(7^n)$ , where $n \ge 1$ and $a_0 = 2$ .	7

- b. Solve the relation  $a_n 3a_{n-1} = n$ ,  $n \ge 1$ ,  $a_0 = 1$ .
- c. Find number of n digit quaternary (0, 1, 2, 3) sequences in which there is never a '3' anywhere to the right of a '0'.

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