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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401 (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi) Sixth Semester, B.E Electrical and Electronics Engineering Semester End Examination; June - 2017 Microcontrollers and PLC Time: 3 hrs					
Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit.					
UNIT - I					
1. a. Draw the block diagram of 8051 micro controllers and explain only the various registers	8				
available.	~				
 b. Explain the various criteria used for selection of 8051 micro controller. a. Identify the addressing modes of the following instructions: 	5				
 c. Identify the addressing modes of the following instructions: i) MOV A, @ Ri ii) MOV A, #52H iii) MOV A, 50H 					
iv) MOV A, R_n v) MOVC A, @ A + DPTR vi) MOVX A, @ PC + A	7				
vii) MOV DPTR, # 1234H.					
. Distinguish between Harvard and Voneuman architectures.					
b. Explain the memory and organization of 8051 microcontroller.	5				
c. What is the need of addressing modes? Explain with an example the various addressing modes of 8051 μc.	10				
UNIT - II					
3 a. Explain the PUSH and POP operation with an example.	6				
b. What is the advantage of bit level instructions? What is the range of bit level RAM in 8051 μ c?					
Explain bit level logical instructions.	6				
c. Write an ALP to find the largest of N, 8-bit numbers with the inputs and outputs obtained from	8				
the program. Assume the data stored in external RAM.	0				
With an example, explain the various rotate and swap operations.					
b. Explain the following instructions with an example:					
i) ADDC A, R_n ii) ADD A, @ R_i iii) ADDC A, # data	6				
iv) SUBB A, # data v) SUBB A, @ R _i vi) MUL AB.	0				
c. Write an ALP to add ten, 8-bit numbers stored in an array. Store the result obtained as 16-bit.	8				
UNIT - III 5 a. Explain the various types of jump instructions with their relative jump.	6				
b. Explain the following instructions with an example:i) ACALL ii) LCALL iii) RET iv) RETI	4				
c. What is the need of interrupt? Explain the structure of interrupts in 8051 µc.	10				

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6. a	Explain the various types of CA	LL instructions based	on their range.	4		
b. Explain the following instructions with an example:						
	i) JMP @ A+DPTR	ii) JC rel	iii) JNB rel	8		
	iv) JBC bit, rel v) CJNE <dest-byte>, <src-byte>, rel</src-byte></dest-byte>					
	vi) DJNZ byte, <rel-add></rel-add>	vii) JMP @ A +PC	viii) JZ rel.			
c.	c. Write an assembly language program to glow LED for a fraction of second when external					
	interrupt INTO is activated.			8		
		UNIT-IV				
7 a.	What is the advantage of serial communication over parallel communication? Explain with an			7		
	example simplex, half duplex an	nplex, half duplex and full duplex mode of communications.				
b.	. Explain the structure of SCON register and its use in serial communication.					
c. Write an ALP to generate a waveform with a duty cycle of 30% (3 ms ON and 10 ms OF				8		
	all pins of port '0'. Take crystal	of port '0'. Take crystal oscillator frequency XTAL = 22 MHz.				
8 a.	. Distinguish between synchronous and Asynchronous serial communication.					
b.	. What is the difference between a timer and counter? Explain various modes of operation of counters/ timers			8		
c.	Write a program to generate a s	quare wave of 100 kH	z on pin 2.3, using timer '0' in mode '1'.	6		
Assume the clock frequency is 22 MHz.						
UNIT-V						
9 a.	a. What is PLC? Draw the block diagram and explain the various parts of it.					
b. Implement the ladder and functional block diagram for the following logic:				10		
	i) AND ii) OR.			10		
10 a	. Classify the various types of co	unters with ladder diag	am.	10		
b	Explain the working of ON-dela	ay, OFF-delay and puls	e timer with relevant ladder diagrams.	10		

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