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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

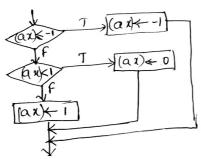
Fourth Semester, B.E. - Computer Science and Engineering Semester End Examination; June - 2017 Microprocessor

Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit.

UNIT - I

1 a.	List the categories of registers used in 8086 processor. Also explain their special functions, if any.								
b.	Explain the operation of instruction queue.	4							
c.	c. Describe instruction format along with special one bit indicators.								
2 a.	List the advantages of segment registers.	4							
b.	Define addressing mode for the instructions given below:								
	i) Addressing mode ii) Physical address iii) Execution time by assuming 5 mHz clock								
	MOV [bx], ax	6							
	MOV cl, [bx+di]								
	Where $DS = 1000h$, $bx = 1572h$, $di = 212Ah$.								
c.	Find the sum and flag settings after hexadicimally adding 62A0h to each of the following:	4							
	i) CFA0h ii) 9D60h.	7							
d.	Explain any two branch related addressing mode.	6							
	UNIT - II								
3 a.	Describe the use of the following instructions with an example:								
	i) DAA ii) LES iii) XCHG.	6							
b.	Develop a program to find the largest and smallest element out of N bytes of data. Store largest data in bx register and smallest data in dx register.	8							
c.	Differentiate between the following instruction:	6							
	i) Sub and Cmp ii) Test and And iii) MOV bx, Table, iv) Lea bx, Table.	6							
4 a.	Show the allocated space and initialized data caused by the following statement:								
	i) Byte_var db 'byte', 12, -12h, 3 dup (0, ?, 2, dup (1, 2),?)								
	ii) Word_var dw 5 dup (0, 1, 2), ?, -5, 256.								
b.	Explain the following directives along with an example:								
	i) EQU ii) SIZE iii) SEG.	6							
c.	Develop a program to separate given N word array into odd array and even array.	6							
d.	Develop a program sequence to implement the following flow chart.								



UNIT-III

5 a. List the reasons for breaking a program into small parts. 4 5 b. Explain with an example different types of segment combinations. c. Write a program using recursive procedure to find nC_r. 8 d. List and explain different types of interrupts available in 8086 processor. 3 6. a Explain with an example the directives used to access external identifiers. 5 b. Write the macro definition named DADD that adds 2 three word memory operands and stores the result back in a three wind memory location. The dummy parameters are to be associated with the least significant words of the operands and the result. Also give the expansion resulting 5 from the following calls. % DADD (Ops, Price, Total) c. Differentiate between the following: 5 i) Procedure and macro ii) Intersegment call and interrupt. d. Write a FAR procedure by name search that searches a byte array for a given byte and sets the 5 ax register to 1 if a match is found otherwise, sets the ax register to -1. 7 a. Explain the following instruction with an example: 6 ii) SCASb iii) MOVSb. i) cmpsb b. Write a program to find the sum of square of two BCD numbers using look up table technique. 6 c. Write a program by choosing appropriate instructions to replace the digits present in a string 8 with '%'. 8 a. With flowchart explain the operation of programmed i/o data transfer. 6 b. Write sequence of steps that occurs to transfer datum from interface to the memory during 8 block input byte transfer. c. With figure explain Daisy chain priority scheme. 6 **UNIT - V** 9 a. Explain the functions of following pins: 10 i) *M / IO* iii) LOCK iv) TEST v) *RD*. ii) HLDA b. Explain with timing diagram memory write cycle with wait states. c. How would you use Ready signal in microprocessor system. 4 10 a. Explain with fig interrupt system based on a single 8259A. 10 b. Given 4k RAM write an interfacing diagram for 8086 to realize a memory of 16k starting at the 10

address C0000h.