U.S.N					



i) Perspective projection

P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum)

Fifth Semester, B.E. - Computer Science and Engineering Semester End Examination; Dec - 2016/ Jan - 2017 **Computer Graphics and Visualization**

Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100 *Note*: Answer *FIVE* full questions, selecting *ONE* full question from each unit. UNIT - I 1 a. List the advantages and disadvantages of PIN HOLE camera. Explain with diagram. 8 Explain the different computer graphics architecture. 12 2 a. Describe the difference between the OpenGL core library, OpenGL utility and OpenGL utility 12 toolkit with an example. b. Discuss any four control functions in OpenGL. 8 **UNIT - II** 3 a. Perform a 2D rotation of triangle A (0, 0), B (1, 1), C (5, 2), i) About the origin 8 ii) About p (-1, -1). Use homogeneous co-ordinate representation of the vertices. b. Write the general form of a scaling matrix with respect to a fixed point p (h, k). 4 c. Define homogeneous coordinates system, explain geometric transformation using 8 homogeneous coordinates system. 7 4 a. What is concatenation transformation? Explain rotation about a fixed point in 3D. b. Explain affine transformations and give any two OpenGL geometric transformation function. 6 c. How the rotation of arbitrary axis transformation is followed in OpenGL? 7 **UNIT - III** 5 a. Use the Liang-Barsky line clipping algorithm to clip the line $P_1 = (-15, -30)$ to $P_2 = (30, 60)$ 10 against the window having diagonally opposite corners at (0, 0) and (15, 15). b. Briefly describe the following: 10 i) Graphical logical devices ii) Display lists. 6 a. Use the Cohen-Sutherland algorithm to clip two line $P_1(40, 15)$, $P_2(75, 45)$ and $P_3 = (70, 20)$ 10 P₄(100, 10) against a window A(50, 10), B(80, 10), C(80, 40) and D(50,40). b. Write an OpenGL program to demonstrate the hierarchical means to draw a rectangle and to 10 increase or decrease the size of rectangle. **UNIT-IV** 7 a. Briefly discuss the following along with the functions used for the purpose in OpenGL, 10 ii) Orthogonal projections.

PI.	3CS55 Page No 2				
b.	Describe gluLookAt function in OpenGL.	4			
c.	c. Describe the 2-Buffer algorithm for identifying the hidden surfaces along with advantage				
	disadvantages.	6			
8 a.	Derive the simple perspective projection matrix.	7			
b.	. Write a short note on Interactive Mesh displays.				
c.	Sketch the various types of views that are employed in computer graphics.	6			
	UNIT - V				
9 a.	Distinguish between the following:				
	i) Diffuse and Specular reflection				
	ii) Flat surface and Gourand surface rendering	1.0			
	iii) Local illuminations and Global illumination algorithm	10			
	iv) Smooth and Flat shading				
	v) Vertex and Pixel shader.				
b.	Enlist the different properties of B-spline curve.	6			
c.	Why not simply use a point matrix to represent a curve?	4			
10 a.	Explain the different lighting and materials supported in OpenGL.	10			
b.	Discuss briefly about the characteristics of Cubic Bezier Curves.	4			
c.	Write the different limitation of cubic splines.	6			