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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401 (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum) Third Semester, B.E. - Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Semester End Examination; Dec - 2016/Jan - 2017

Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer *FIVE* full questions, selecting *ONE* full question from each unit. UNIT - I

1 a. Draw a network which will have the following loop equations and determine V_2 such that there will be zero current through 4 Ω resistor.

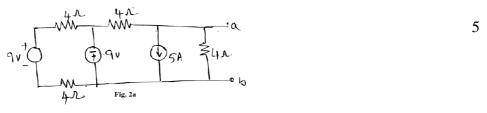
$\int 5+j2$	-j2	0]	$\begin{bmatrix} I_1 \end{bmatrix}$		500	10
<i>−j</i> 2	4	j2		=	0	
0	<i>j</i> 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 0\\ j2\\ (2-j2) \end{bmatrix}$	$\lfloor I_3 \rfloor$		$-V_2$	

b. Use mesh analysis to evaluate the current *I* in the circuit shown in Fig. 1b.



c. For a parallel circuit shown in Fig. 1C, obtain an expression for resonant frequency. Plot the graph of *I* versus frequency.

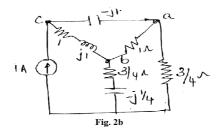
2 a. Using source transformation method, convert the circuit shown in Fig. 2a into a single current source in parallel with a resistor.



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b. Find V_a , V_b and I_{ab} in the Fig. 2b by Y - Δ transformation.



c. Obtain an expression for frequency (f_L) in terms of circuit components in a series resonant circuit when the voltage across inductor V_L reaches its peak. Plot the variation of voltage across R, L and C as frequency varies.

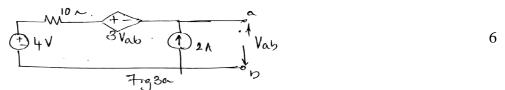
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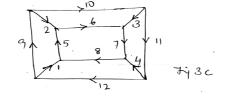
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UNIT - II

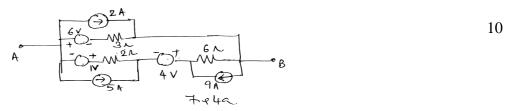
3 a. Find the terminal voltage V_{ab} for the circuit shown in Fig. 3a using superposition theorem.



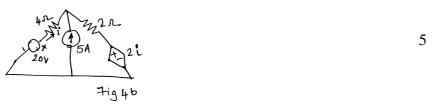
- b. State and prove maximum power transfer theorem for an AC circuit when both resistance and reactance parameters of the load are variable.
- c. For the graph shown in Fig. 3c, select a tree and write the cut set schedule. Obtain there from the equation giving branch voltages in terms of tree branch voltages.



4 a. Obtain the Thevenin's equivalent circuits across terminals A and B for the circuit shown in Fig. 4a.



b. For the circuit shown in Fig. 4b, find the current *i*, using super poistion theorem.



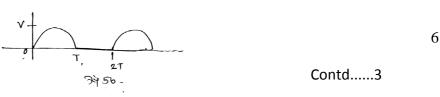
c. What is duality of electrical network? Explain with an example.

UNIT - III

5 a. For the circuit shown in Fig 5a. switch is closed at t = 0,

find,
$$i_1(0+), i_2(0+), \frac{di_1}{dt}(0+), \frac{di_2}{dt}(0+), \frac{d^2i_1}{dt^2}(0+)$$
 and $\frac{d^2i_2}{dt^2}(0+)$
 $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

b. Find the Laplace transform of a half wave rectified sine wave show in Fig. 5b.

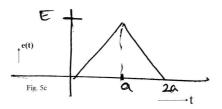


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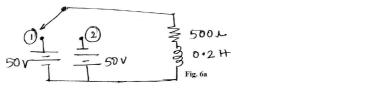
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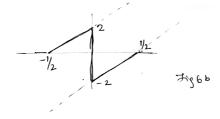
c. Obtain an expression e(t) for the wave fin shown in Fig. 5c.



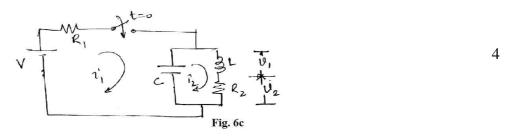
6 a. For the circuit shown in Fig 6a the switch is closed to position (1) at t = 0, then moved to position(2) after 1 m sec. Find the time at which the current in zero and reversing the direction.



b. Find the Laplace transform of the waveform shown in Fig. 6b.



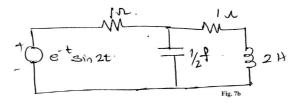
c. Find V₁ and V₂ at t = 0+ and $t = \infty$, for the circuit shown in Fig. 6c.



UNIT - IV

7 a. In the circuit shown in Fig. 7a, switch is closed at t = 0. Obtain an expression $i_2(t)$ using Laplace transformation method.

b. In the circuit shown in Fig. 7b. obtain an expression for $I(S) = \frac{V(S)}{Z(S)}$



c. Using convolution theorem find response to an excitation of $v(t) = e^{-2t}$ given that the impulse response of the network is $h(t) = \delta(t) - e^{-3t}$.

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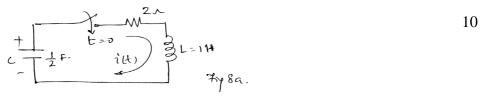
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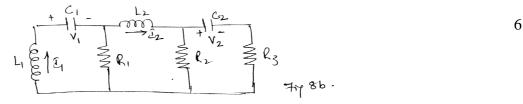
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8 a. Obtain an expression for i(t) using Laplace transformation method. Assume capacitor has charged to 1 V at t = (0-) (refer Fig. 8a)



b. Write the transformed network for the circuit shown in Fig. 8b. Initial currents and voltages are present at time t = 0.



c. State and explain Duhamel's superposition theorem.

UNIT - V

9 a. Plot the time response for the following :

i) Complex conjugate poles on left half of S plane

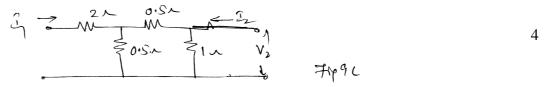
ii) A simple real pole on the left half of S plane

- iii) Complex conjugate poles on right half of S plane.
- b. Obtain the following:

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i) h parameters in terms of ABCD parameter ii) h parameter in term of Y parameter.

c. Find Y parameter of the following resistance network shown in Fig. 9C.



10 a. Draw the second order response of the system if,

i) $\delta = 0$ (no damping) ii) $0 < \delta < 1$ (damping < 1)

iii) $\delta > 1$ (damping > 1) iv) $\delta = 1$ (critically damped)

- b. Write the networks which are equivalent to the general two port network in terms of,
 i) Z- parameter ii) h parameters
- c. Find the Y parameter for the network shown in Fig. 10 C.

