

**P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401***(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)***Fourth Semester, B.E. - Electronics and Communication Engineering****Semester End Examination; May / June - 2018****Electromagnetic Field Theory***Time: 3 hrs**Max. Marks: 100***Note:** Answer **FIVE** full questions selecting, **ONE** full question from each unit.**UNIT - I**

- 1 a. Derive an expression for the electric field intensity due to infinite line charge. 10
- b. Charges of 20 nC and -20 nC are located at (3, 0, 0) and (-3, 0, 0) respectively. Determine \vec{E} at P(0, y, 0). 6
- c. Explain electric field intensity at a point due to a point charge. 4
- 2 a. State and explain Gauss's Law. Mention the limitations of Gauss's law. 10
- b. Given $\vec{D} = \frac{5r^2}{4} \hat{a}_r$ C/m². Evaluate both the sides of divergence theorem for the volume enclosed by $r = 4$ m and $\theta = \pi/4$. 10

UNIT - II

- 3 a. Show that $\vec{E} = -\nabla V$ where \vec{E} is the electric field intensity and V is the scalar potential. 6
- b. Obtain the point form of continuity equation. 7
- c. Given $V = 2x^2y - 5z$ at point P (-4, 3, 6) find the potential, electric field intensity and volume charge density. 7
- 4 a. Find the capacitance of a conducting sphere of 2 cm in diameter, covered with a layer of polyethylene with $\epsilon_r = 2.26$ and 3 cm thick. 10
- b. Use Laplace's equation to find the capacitance per unit length of a co-axial cable of inner radius 'a' m and outer radius 'b' m. Assume $V = V_0$ at $r = a$ and $V = 0$ at $r = b$. 10

UNIT - III

- 5 a. Obtain the expression for the magnetic field intensity at a point due to a current carrying straight conductor of infinite length. 10
- b. Given the vector magnetic potential $\vec{A} = x^2 \hat{a}_x + 2yz \hat{a}_y + (-x^2) \hat{a}_z$ find the magnetic flux density. 6
- c. List any four properties of curl. 4
- 6 a. Derive an expression for the force on a differential current element placed in a magnetic field. 10
- b. Explain the concept of magnetic boundary conditions for normal component and tangential component. 10

UNIT - IV

- 7 a. A parallel plate capacitor with plate area of 5 cm^2 and plate separation of 3 mm has a voltage of $50 \sin 10^3 t \text{ V}$ applied to its plates. Calculate the displacement current assuming $\epsilon = 2\epsilon_0$. 8
- b. For time varying field, show that $\vec{E} = -\nabla V - \frac{\partial \vec{A}}{\partial t}$ where \vec{A} is vector magnetic potential. 8
- c. A 10 GHz plane wave travelling in a free space has an amplitude of \vec{E} as $E_x = 10 \text{ V/m}$. Find β , η , v and λ . 4
- 8 a. Write a short note on skin effect in good conductors. 6
- b. A uniform plane wave of 200 MHz travelling in a free space impinges normally on a large block of material having $\epsilon_r = 4$, $\mu_r = 9$, $\sigma = 0$. Calculate transmission and reflection coefficient at the interface. 6
- c. State and explain Poynting theorem. 8

UNIT - V

- 9 a. Explain the effect of spherical earth surface on radio waves. 10
- b. Explain different types of signals fading. 10
- 10 a. Define : 6
- Skip distance
 - MUF
 - Virtual height
- b. A distance of 1500 m is to be established along earth surface using communication link, if the reflection region of ionosphere has $f_{cr} = 6 \text{ MHz}$ and $f_{muf} = 7.5 \text{ MHz}$. Calculate the height of the region. 8
- c. Explain the characteristics of E and F layers of ionosphere layers. 6

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