P15EE46 Page No 1 U.S.N P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401 (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi) Fourth Semester, B.E Electrical and Electronics Engineering Semester End Examination; May/June - 2018 Electromagnetic Field Theory Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100	
<i>Note:</i> Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit.	
UNIT – I	
1 a. State and explain Coulomb's law in complete vector form.	6
b. Four point charges of 50 nc each are located at A(1, 0, 0), B(-1, 0, 0), C(0, 1, 0) and	6
D (0, -1, 0) meters. Find the total force on charge at A.	6
c. Obtain the expression for electric field intensity at any point due to charge distribution (linear,	8
point, surface and volume).	0
2 a. State and explain Gauss's law. Show that	
$Q = \int_{J}^{G} \overline{D}.\overline{d}s$	6
For an arbitrary closed surface.	
b. A Cylindrical volume $0 \le z \le 4m$ and $0 \le \rho \le 2m$, enclose certain charge. If $\overline{E} = \frac{Z\rho a z}{\varepsilon_0}$; <i>V</i> / <i>m</i> , determine the total charge enclosed by the cylinder.	6
c. Given, $D = x^2 a_x + xy a_y + y a_z$; c/m ² . Verify divergence theorem over a cube of 1 unit for each	
side. The cube is situated in first octant of the Cartesian coordinate system with one corner at	8
the origin.	
UNIT - II	
3 a. Show that energy expended in the moving a point charge in an uniform electric field is	
independent of path chosen and thus, Prove that electric field as a negative gradient of potential.	8
b. Determine the work done in carrying a charge of -2C from (2, 1,-1) to (8, 2,-1) in the electric	
field $E = ya_x + xa_y; V/m$. Considering the path along parabola $x = 2y^2$.	6
c. Potential is given by $V = 2(x+1)^2 \times (y+2)^2 \times (Z+3)^2$ volts in free space. At a point p (2,-1, 4).	
Calculate i) potential ii) Electric field intensity iii) Flux density.	6
4 a. Derive the expression for Laplace and Poisson's equations.	6
	0
b. Determine whether or not the following potential fields satisfies Laplace equation : i) $V = x^2 - y^2 + z^2$ i) $V = \rho \cos \phi + z$	6
c. In a certain region, the volume charge density is constant and equal to 1 $\mu\text{C/m}^3$ in the	

x-direction. Given that the voltage is 100 v at x = 0.1 m and 0 V at x = 0 m. Solve for voltage sing Poisson's equation.

UNIT - III

- 5 a. Discuss the properties of conductor, when subjected to electric field. 6 b. Derive the expression for continuity equation of current. 6
 - c. Find the total current crossing the surface z = 3, $\rho < 6$ in the a_z direction, if the current density in that region is given as :

$$J = \frac{100}{\rho^2} a_{\rho} + \frac{10}{\rho^2 + 1} a_z; A / m^2. Also find \frac{\partial \rho v}{\partial t}.$$

6 a. Obtain the boundary conditions between dielectric to dielectric boundaries.

- b. Derive the expression for the capacitance of coaxial cable with inner radius a and outer radius b.
- c. Two extensive homogeneous isotropic dielectric meet on the Z = 0. For Z \ge 0, E_{r1} = 5 and $Z \le 0$, $E_{r2} = 3$. An uniform electric field,

$$E_1 = 2a_x + 2a_y - 4a_z$$
; kV/m exists for $z \ge 0$. Find;

ii) The angles of \overline{E}_1 and \overline{E}_2 make the interface i) E₂ for $z \le 0$

UNIT - IV

- 7 a. Obtain the expression for H at a point due to a current in a straight conductor of finite length using Biot-Sovart's law.
 - b. Find the value of magnetic flux density at point 'p' for the current loop shown in Fig Q 7(b)

c. State and prove ampere's circuital law.

- 8 a. Explain the concept of vector magnetic potential also, show that, $\oint \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{d} \mathbf{l} = \mathbf{\phi}$.
 - b. State and prove Strokes theorem.
 - c. A long straight tubular conductor circular cross section with the outside dia of 5 cm and wall thickness of 0.5 cm carries a direct current of 100 A. Find; H i) Just inside the wall of the tube ii) just outside the wall of the tube iii) at a point in the tube walls half way between the inner and outer surface.

UNIT - V

- 9.a Obtain the expression for force on a differential current element in a magnetic field.
- b. A point charge of -1.2c has the velocity of $(5u_x+2u_y-3u_z)$; m/sec. find the magnitude of force exerted in the field due to :

Contd...3

PIDA Fig. Q. 7(b)

8

6

6

8

6

6

6

8

6

6

8

Page No... 3

i) $\overline{E} = (-18u_x + 5u_y - 10u_z); v/m$ *ii*) $\overline{B} = (-4u_x + 4u_y + 3u_z); wb/m^2$ *iii*) Both \overline{E} and \overline{B}

- c. Obtain the expression for transformer emf and motional emf.
- 10 a. Obtain the expression for force between two differential current elements.
 - b. Fig. Q. 10(b) shows the identical circular loops each carrying a current of 100 A placed close to each other. Find approximate force of attraction or repulsion.

c. Obtain the expression for inductance of a solenoid.

8

8

6

P15EE46