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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Sixth Semester, B.E. - Civil Engineering

Semester End Examination; May/ June - 2019

Waste Water Treatment

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Note: i) Answer **FIVE** full questions, selecting **ONE** full question from each unit.
ii) Assume Missing data, if any.

UNIT - I

- 1 a. What do you mean by dry weather flow? Explain factors affecting it. 6
- b. Briefly discuss flow variation of sewage and its effect on design of sewer. 6
- c. Estimate the ratio of DWF and WWF and suggest suitable system of sewage for the following data : 8
- Area = 6000 hectares, Population density = 150 persons/ha, Impervious factor = 0.5, Rate of water supply = 200 lpcd of which 80% reaches sewer, Rainfall intensity = 40 mm/hr.
- 2 a. Explain with sketch Time of concentration. 6
- b. Discuss the importance of self cleaning velocity and non-scouring velocity in design of sewer. 6
- c. A sewer of 300 mm in diameter laid at a gradient of 1 in 100. Using Mannings N = 0.013, calculate velocity of flow, discharge and Chezy's constant when sewer is running full. 8

UNIT - II

- 3 a. List different sewer materials. Explain any two with merits and demerits. 6
- b. With a neat sketch, explain components of manhole. 8
- c. Explain the procedure of testing of sewer lines. 6
- 4 a. Sketch typical layout plan showing house drainage connection. 8
- b. Bring out single plane and two pipe system of house drainage. 6
- c. Write the necessity of sewage pumping. 6

UNIT - III

- 5 a. Define BOD and COD. Derive expression for first stage BOD. 8
- b. Sketch CNS cycle. 6
- c. The BOD of a sewage incubated for one day at 30°C is 100 mg/L. What will be the 5-day 20°C BOD? Take $K = 0.12 \text{ day}^{-1}$ (base 10) at 20°C. 6
- 6 a. With a neat sketch of DO sag curve, explain self purification process of stream. Mark different Zones of pollution. 8
- b. Bring out in brief sewage forming, sewage sickness and preventive measures. 8
- c. Sewage from a town is discharged into a river having a flow of a 250 L/s. If the sewage flow of 10 MLD and BOD of the sewage and river are 300 mg/L and 10 mg/L respectively, determine the BOD of the diluted water. 4

Contd...2

UNIT - IV

- 7 a. With flow diagram, explain conventional sewage treatment plant units and state major impurities removed in each unit. 6
- b. Briefly explain design factors of grit chamber. 6
- c. Design a suitable circular primary classifier to treat 12 MLD sewage flow. Check for overflow rate and weir loading rate. 8
- 8 a. Compare attachment and suspended growth system of biological treatment. 6
- b. Bring out aerobic and anaerobic decomposition of sewage. 6
- c. Design a low rate tricking filter using NRC equation to treat 6 MLD of sewage having BOD of 210 mg/L. The treated effluent BOD should be 30 mg/L. Take organic loading rate as $320 \text{ g/m}^3/\text{d}$. Assume 30% BOD removed in PST. 8

UNIT - V

- 9 a. With flow diagram, explain the process of treatment of sewage in Activated Sludge Process (ASP). 8
- b. Bring out process modifications of ASP in brief. 6
- c. Explain the importance of F/M ratio in the operation of ASP as primary control parameter. 6
- 10 a. Explain the steps of anaerobic digestion. Sketch typical anaerobic sludge digester. 8
- b. Explain sludge drying bed with suitable sketch. 6
- c. Design a septic tank for a hostel facility of 200 persons with water supply rate of 135 LPCD. Take peak factor = 2; 80% of water supplied becomes spent; Detention time 24 hours; Length to breadth 1:3. Assume suitable missing data. Draw a line diagram showing designed dimensions. Rate of sludge deposited may be taken as 30 L/capita/day. 6

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