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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Third Semester, B.E. - Electrical and Electronics Engineering Semester End Examination; Dec. - 2019 Measurements and Instrumentation

Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit.

UNIT - I

- 1 a. Write short notes on SI system of units stating the advantages of it.
 b. The eddy current loss in a round wire/unit length is given by, P_e ∞ B^a_{max} f^bd^cρ^e, find the values of a, b, c and e using dimensional analysis and write the equation for P_e.
 c. The expression for the eddy current produced in a metallic former moving in the field of a
 - c. The expression for the eddy current produced in a metallic former moving in the field of a permanent magnet is found as, $I_e \equiv k \frac{Blba}{(2b+l)\rho}$, check for the dimensional correctness of the equation.
- 2 a. Describe the construction and working principle of single phase energy meter.
 - b. The meter constant of a 230 V, 10 A energy meter is 1800 rev/kW/hr. The meter is tested at half load and rated voltage at upf. The meter found to make 80 revolutions in 138 seconds. Determine the meter error at half load.
 - Explain the special features of electrodynamometer type wattmeter so that it can be used for LPF measurement.

UNIT - II

- 3 a. A supply of 450 Hz is given between a and c and the detector is connected between b and d of the bridge. Arm ab is an unknown impedance, arm $bc = 200 \Omega$ resistance, arm ad = 0.5 microfarad standard capacitor in series with a resistance of 5.2 Ω and arm $cd = 2850 \Omega$ resistance. Find the elements of unknown arm impedance and its dissipation factor at balance.
 - b. Define sensitivity of the Whetstone's bridge and hence obtain an expression for the bridge sensitivity.
 - c. With the help of circuit and Phasor diagram, show that how unknown inductance can be measured using Anderson's bridge.
- 4 a. The ratio arms of a Kelvin's double bridge are 100 Ω each. $R_g = 500 \Omega$. Sensitivity K = 200 mm / microampere, $R = 0.1002 \Omega$ and $S = 0.1 \Omega$. A current of 10 A is passed through R and S from a 2.2 V battery in series with a rheostat. Neglecting the link resistance. Find;
 - i) Galvanometer deflection
- ii) Total internal resistance of the battery
- b. With the help of circuit and Phasor diagram show that how the unknown capacitance can be measured using Schering Bridge.
- c. Write short notes on:
 - i) Sources and Detectors
- ii) Shielding of bridge

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UNIT - III

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5 a.	What are shunts and multipliers? Explain.	7
b.	A moving coil instrument has a resistance of 5 Ω and gives a full scale reading of 50 mA.	
	Calculate;	
	i) The resistance value required to increase the range to 200 A	7
	ii) The resistance value required to increase the range to 750 V	
	iii) The power consumed in both cases	
c.	Discuss the advantages of instrument transformers over shunts and multipliers.	6
6 a.	With the help of equivalent circuit and Phasor diagram, write the expression for ratio and phase	7
	angle of CT naming the terms involved.	,
b.	A potential transformer of ratio 2000/100 V has the following constants:	
	$r_p = 105 \ \Omega$, $r_s = 0.7 \ \Omega$, $x_p = 75.2 \ \Omega$, $x_s = 0.087 \ \Omega$. The no load current is 0.03 A at 0.36 pF lag.	
	Find;	7
	i) Phase angle error at no load	,
	ii) Phase angle error on a load of 5 A at 0.92 pF lag	
	iii) Burden in VA at upf to have zero phase angle	
c.	Define and explain turns compensation in CT's and PT's.	6
	UNIT - IV	
7 a.	With the help of block diagram, explain the working of Electronic Energy Meter.	7
b.	Mention the different types of Digital Volt Meters (DVM) and hence, explain successive	7
	approximation type DVM.	,
c.	Explain the procedure for interfacing sensitive transducers to electronic circuit.	6
8 a.	What are transducers? Discuss the classification of transducers.	6
b.	With a neat sketch, explain the use of LVDT in displacement measurement.	7
c.	The resistance of strain guage wire with a guage factor of 2 is bonded to steel structure subjected	
	to a stress of 100 MN/m². The modulus of elasticity of steel is 200 GN/m². Calculate the %	7
	change in the value of guage resistance due to applied stress.	
	UNIT - V	
9 a.	A coil with a resistance of 10 Ω is connected in direct connection in Q meter Resonance occurs	
	when the oscilloscope frequency is 1 MHz and the resonating capacitor is 65 pF. Calculate the $\%$	4
	error introduced in the calculate value of Q when a resistance of 0.02 Ω is inserted.	
b.	With a neat sketch, explain the working of a dual trace oscilloscope.	8
c.	Discuss the role of lissajious figures in frequency and amplitude measurement.	8
10 a.	Write short notes on LCD and LED display.	6
b.	With the help of neat sketch, explain the working of digital storage oscilloscope .	8
c.	With a neat sketch, explain the working of XY- recorder.	6