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## P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

## Third Semester, B.E. - Information Science and Engineering **Semester End Examination; Dec. - 2019 Discrete Mathematics and Applications**

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 hrs

**Note:** i) **PART - A** is compulsory. **Two** marks for each question.

ii) PART - B: Answer any Two sub questions (from a, b, c) for Maximum of 18 marks from each unit.

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Q. No.	Questions	Marks				
	I: PART - A	10				
I a.	Rewrite the following statements without using the conditional					
	$[Hint: (p \rightarrow q) \Leftrightarrow (\neg p \lor q)]$	2				
	i) If I dream of home, then I will work hard and earn money	2				
	ii) If I am awake, then I will on the computer or read a novel.					
b.	State well ordering principle.	2				
c.	Let $A = \{1, 2, 3\}, B = \{2, 4, 5\}.$ Determine the following:					
	i) $ A \times B $	2				
	ii) Number of relations from A to B.					
d.	State the principle of Inclusion and exclusion.	2				
e.	Define Euler trials and circuits.	2				
II : PART - B						
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18 UNIT - I

Prove the following logical equivalence without using truth table:

i) 
$$[(p \lor q) \land (p \lor \neg q)] \lor q \Leftrightarrow p \lor q$$

ii) 
$$(p \rightarrow q)^{\land} [\neg q^{\land} (r \lor \neg q)] \Leftrightarrow \neg (q \lor p)$$

b. Prove the validity of the following arguments:

i) 
$$P \rightarrow r$$
 $\neg p \rightarrow q$ 
 $q \rightarrow s$ 
 $\therefore \neg r \rightarrow s$ 

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$$ii) (\neg p \lor \neg q) \rightarrow (r \land s)$$

$$r \rightarrow t$$

$$- t$$

$$\therefore p$$

i) Examine whether;  $\lceil (p \lor q) \to r \rceil \leftrightarrow \lceil \neg r \to \neg (p \lor q) \rceil$  Is a tautology or not.

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ii) Find the possible truth values of p, q, r, s, t for which the following are contradictions?

$$I) [(p \land q) \land r] \rightarrow (s \lor t)$$

I) 
$$[(p \land q) \land r] \rightarrow (s \lor t)$$
 II)  $[p \land (q \land r)] \rightarrow (s \lor t)$ 

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## **UNIT-II**

- i) State pigeon hole principle. And ABC is equilateral triangle whole sides are of length 1cm each. If we select 5 points inside the triangle, Prove that at least two of these points are such that the distance between them is less than ½cm
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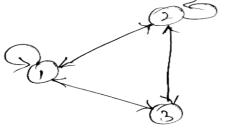
ii) Let  $f: R \to R$  be defined

$$f(0) = \begin{cases} 3x - 5 & \text{for } x > 0 \\ -3x + 1 & \text{for } x \le 0 \end{cases}$$

- I) Determine f(0),  $f(-\frac{5}{3})$  II) Find  $f^{-1}(1)$ ,  $f^{-1}(-3)$
- i)  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and R is a relation on A defined by,  $R = \{ (1, 2) (1, 3) (2, 4) (3, 2) (3, 3) (3, 4) \}$  Find  $R^2$  and  $R^3$ 
  - ii) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$
  - I) Find how many functions are there from A to B. How many these are one-to-one? How many are onto?
  - II) Find how many functions are these from B to A. How many these are one-to-one? How many are onto?
- c. If R is a relation on the set A=  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  defined by xRy if x/y (x divides y) Prove that (A, R) is a poset. Draw its Hasse diagram.

**UNIT - III** 18

- 3 a. In the following cases, consider the partial order of divisibility on the set A. Draw the Hasse diagram for the poset and Determine whether the poset is totally ordered or not.
  - i)  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30\}$
- ii)  $B = \{2, 4, 8, 16, 32\}$
- b. State and prove Lagrange's theorem.
- i) Let  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ . Consider the partition P  $P = \{ \{a, b\} \{c, d\} \{e\} \}$  of A. find the equivalence Relation including this partition.
  - ii) The diagraph of a relation R on the set A= {1, 2, 3} is as given below. Determine whether R is an equivalence relation or not.



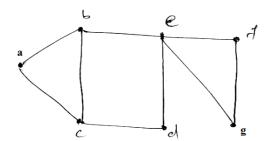
**UNIT-IV** 18

- 4 a. In the following figure, determine;
  - i) A walk from b to d that is not a trial
- ii) A b-d trial that is not a path

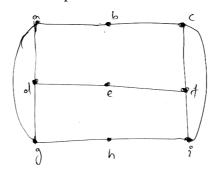
iii) A path from b to d

- iv) A closed walk from b to b that is not a circuit
- v) A circuit from b to b that is not a cycle vi) A cycle from b to b

Contd...3



b. If G is the graph in the given below figure, the Edges {a, b}, {b, c}, {c, f}, {f, e}, {e, d}, {d, g}, {g, h}, {h, i} yield a Hamilton path for G. Does G have a Hamilton cycle



c. Draw all non isomorphic cycle free, connected graphs having six vertices.

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UNIT - V

5 a. i) Determine the number of positive integers n where  $1 \le n \le 100$  and n is not divisible

by 2, 3 or 5.

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ii) In how many ways can the 26 letters of the alphabet; be permitted so that none of the patterns car, dog, pun or byte occurs.

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b. Determine the generating function for the number of n-combinations of apples, bananas, oranges and pears wherein each n-combinations the number of apples in even, the number of bananas is odd, the number of oranges is between 0 and 4 and there is at least one pear.

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c. A person invests Rs. 1,00,000 at 12% interest compounded annually.

i) Find the amount at the end of 1st, 2nd, 3rd year

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ii) Write the general explicit formula

iii) How many will it take to double the investment?

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