

**P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401***(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)***Fifth Semester, B.E. - Computer Science and Engineering****Semester End Examination; Feb. - 2021****Artificial Intelligence**

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

**Course Outcomes***The Students will be able to:**CO1: Define Artificial intelligence and identify problems for AI. Characterize the search techniques to solve problems and recognize the scope of classical search techniques.**CO2: Define knowledge and its role in AI. Demonstrate the use of Logic in solving AI problems.**CO3: Demonstrate handling of uncertain knowledge and reasoning in probability theory.**CO4: Explain Learning methods in AI.**CO5: Explain Knowledge Learning, probabilistic models and reinforcement learning in AI.***Note: I) PART - A** is compulsory. **Two** marks for each question.**II) PART - B:** Answer any **Two** sub questions (from a, b, c) for Maximum of **18** marks from each unit.

| Q. No.               | Questions  | Marks     | BLs | COs | POs  |
|----------------------|--|-----------|-----|-----|------|
| <b>I : PART - A</b>  |  | <b>10</b> |     |     |      |
| I a.                 | Define rational agent.   | 2         | L1  | CO1 | PO2  |
| b.                   | Formulate existential quantification ( $\exists$ ) for the following sentence "King john has a crown on his Head". | 2         | L6  | CO2 | PO3  |
| c.                   | Discover Baye's theorem.   | 2         | L4  | CO3 | PO2  |
| d.                   | Construct, the entropy of a random variable $V$ with values $V_k$ , each with probability $P(V_k)$ ?               | 2         | L3  | CO4 | PO9  |
| e.                   | List variety of learning techniques.   | 2         | L1  | CO5 | PO1  |
| <b>II : PART - B</b> |  | <b>90</b> |     |     |      |
| <b>UNIT - I</b>      |  | <b>18</b> |     |     |      |
| 1 a.                 | Discover in detail, what artificial intelligence can do today in terms of applications.                            | 6         | L2  | CO1 | PO1  |
| b.                   | List four basic kinds of agent programs, explain with neat diagram.  | 12        | L3  | CO1 | PO1  |
| c.                   | List Informed (Heuristic) search strategies. What is alpha-beta pruning? Construct Alpha-beta search algorithm.    | 12        | L1  | CO1 | PO3  |
| <b>UNIT - II</b>     |  | <b>18</b> |     |     |      |
| 2 a.                 | What is knowledge based agent? Illustrate the outline of a knowledge based agent program.                          | 9         | L1  | CO2 | PO2  |
| b.                   | Explain quantifiers with all notations and example.  | 9         | L5  | CO2 | PO1  |
| c.                   | Distinguish between forward chaining and backward chaining give example.   | 9         | L4  | CO2 | PO10 |

**UNIT - III**

**18**

- 3 a. Define the following:
  - i) Uncertainly
  - ii) Product rule
  - iii) Bayesian networks
- b. Estimate  $P(\text{cavity} / \text{toothache})$ ,  $P(\text{cavity})$ ,  $P(\text{cavity} / \neg \text{toothache})$  and  $P(\neg \text{cavity}/\text{toothache})$  from the given Table 3.

6 L1 CO3 PO2

|         | Toothache |        | ¬Toothache |        |
|---------|-----------|--------|------------|--------|
|         | Catch     | ¬Catch | Catch      | ¬Catch |
| Cavity  | 0.108     | 0.012  | 0.072      | 0.008  |
| ¬Cavity | 0.016     | 0.064  | 0.144      | 0.576  |

12 L6 CO3 PO4

**Table 3.** A full joint distribution for the toothache, cavity and catch world.

- c. Explain Hidden Markov models with location example and semantics of Bayesian network.

12 L5 CO3 PO2

**UNIT - IV**

**18**

- 4 a. Create a decision tree for deciding whether to wait for a table at a restaurant.
- b. Compare univariate linear regression and multivariate linear regression.
- c. Explain single-layer feed-forward neural networks and multilayer feed-forward neural networks.

9 L6 CO4 PO3

9 L4 CO4 PO2

9 L5 CO4 PO2

**UNIT - V**

**18**

- 5 a. Construct an algorithm for finding a minimal consistent determination.
- b. Explain unsupervised clustering with example.
- c. List the approaches how utilities can be learning explain in detail.

9 L3 CO5 PO4

9 L5 CO5 PO12

9 L1 CO5 PO1

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