



**P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401**  
 (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)  
**Third Semester, B.E. - Semester End Examination; March - 2021**  
**Transform Calculus, Fourier Series and Numerical Techniques**  
 (Common to all Branches)

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

**Course Outcomes**

The Students will be able to:

- CO1: Apply forward, backward difference formulae and central differences formulae in solving interpolation-extrapolation problems in engineering field.
- CO2: Numerical differentiation and integration rules in solving engineering where the handlings of numerical methods are inevitable.
- CO3: Apply the knowledge of periodic function, Fourier series, complex Fourier series, Fourier sine/cosine series of a function valid in different periods. Analyze engineering problems arising in control theory/fluid flow phenomena using harmonic analysis.
- CO4: Understand complex/infinite Fourier transforms Fourier sine and Fourier cosine transforms with related properties. Analyze the engineering problems arising in signals and systems, digital signal processing using Fourier transform techniques. Define Z-transforms & find Z-transforms of standard functions to solve the specific problems by using properties of Z-transforms. Identify and solve difference equations arising in engineering applications using inverse Z-transforms techniques.
- CO5: Define Partial Differential Equations (PDE's), order, degree and formation of PDE's and, to solve PDE's by various methods of solution. Explain one - dimensional wave and heat equation and Laplace's equation and physical significance of their solutions to the problems selected from engineering field.

**Note:** I) PART - A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.II) PART - B: Answer any **Two** sub questions (from a, b, c) for Maximum of **18 marks** from each unit.

Q. No.	Questions I : PART - A	Marks 10	BLs	COs	POs
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- I a. Construct the Newton's Backward difference table for the data given below,

X	2	4	6	8
Y	10	96	196	350

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|---|---|------------|
| b. Write the first derivative Newton's forward formula up to third degree.                    | 2 | L1 CO2 PO1 |
| c. Evaluate: $\int e^{ax} \cos bxdx$ .  | 2 | L1 CO3 PO1 |
| d. Define Z-Transform of $u_n$ .  | 2 | L1 CO4 PO1 |
| e. Solve by direct integration $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \cos x \cos y$ . | 2 | L1 CO4 PO1 |

**II : PART - B****90****UNIT - I****18**

- 1 a. i) Define Extrapolation.
- ii) A survey conducted in a slum locality reveals the following information as classified below.

Income per day (Rs.)	Under 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50
Number of persons	20	45	115	210	115

9 L2 CO1 PO1

Estimate the probable number of person in the income group 20 to 25.

- b. i) Write a Lagrange's inverse interpolation formula for  $x = f(y)$ .  
 ii) The following table gives the normal weights of babies during first eight months of life.

Age (months)	0	2	5	8
Weight (pounds)	6	10	12	16

9 L3 CO1 PO1

Estimate the weight of the baby at the age of seven months using Lagrange's interpolation formula.

- c. i) Write Gauss's forward interpolation formula up to 4<sup>th</sup> degree terms.  
 ii) Use Stirling's formula to compute  $u_{14.2}$  from the following:

9 L3 CO1 PO2

$$u_{10} = 0.240, u_{12} = 0.281, u_{14} = 0.318, u_{16} = 0.352, u_{18} = 0.384$$

**UNIT - II**

**18**

- 2 a. Find the maximum and minimum values of the function  $y = f(x)$  from the following data.

$x$	1	3	5	7	9
$y$	9	11	13	63	209

9 L1 CO2 PO1

- b. i) Write the Trapezoidal rule for  $n = 6$ .

- ii) Use Simpson's  $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{rd}$  rule to obtain the approximate value of  $\int_0^{0.6} e^{-x^2} dx$  by considering 6 equal strips.

9 L3 CO2 PO2

- c. i) Write Boole's rule for  $n = 8$ .

- ii) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$ , by Weddle's rule taking seven ordinates and hence find  $\log_e 2$ .

9 L3 CO2 PO2

**UNIT - III**

**18**

- 3 a. Obtain the Fourier series for the function  $f(x) = x - x^2$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$  and hence

deduce that  $\frac{\pi^2}{12} = \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \dots$

9 L3 CO3 PO2

- b. i) Obtain the complex form of the Fourier series for the function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -k & \text{in } -\pi < x < 0 \\ k & \text{in } 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

9 L3 CO3 PO2

- ii) Expand  $f(x) = 2x - 1$  as the cosine half range Fourier series in  $0 < x < 1$ .

- c. Express  $y$  as a Fourier series up to the second harmonic given the following data.

9 L2 CO3 PO2

$x$	0	1	2	3	4	5
$y$	4	8	15	7	6	2

## UNIT - IV

18

- 4 a. Find the Fourier Transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-|x| & \text{in } |x| \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{in } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$  and hence evaluate

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 t}{t^2} dt.$$

9 L2 CO4 PO2

- b. Solve the integral equation  $\int_0^{\infty} f(\theta) \cos \alpha \theta d\theta = \begin{cases} 1-a & 0 \leq \alpha \leq 1 \\ 0 & \alpha > 1 \end{cases}$  and hence

evaluate,  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 t}{t^2} dt .$

9 L3 CO4 PO2

- c. i) Find the Z-transform of  $(n+1)^2$ .

9 L3 CO4 PO2

ii) Solve by using Z-Transforms:  $y_{n+1} + \frac{1}{4} y_n = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n, y_0 = 0.$

## UNIT - V

18

- 5 a. i) Form the Partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary constants

$$\text{for } 2z = \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2}.$$

9 L1 CO4 PO1

- ii) Form the Partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function

$$\text{for } \varphi(xy + z^2, x + y + z) = 0.$$

- b. i) Define homogeneous partial differential equation.

9 L3 CO4 PO2

ii) Solve:  $x(y^2 - z^2)p + y(z^2 - x^2)q = z(x^2 - y^2).$

- c. Obtain the various possible solutions of the two dimensional Laplace equations

$$u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0, \text{ by the method of separation of variables.}$$

9 L3 CO4 PO2

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