Time: 3 hrs

## *v.s.n* P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Third Semester, Master of Business Administration (MBA)

Semester End Examination; Jan. / Feb. - 2021

## **Project Management**

Max. Marks: 100

10

Note: Answer all FOUR full questions from PART - A and PART - B (Case Study) is compulsory.

Q. No.	Questions PART - A	Marks
1 a.	Explain the phases of Capital Budgeting.	10
b.	Briefly explain the sources of positive NPV.	10
	OR	
2 a.	Explain the various facets of projects analysis.	10
b.	With suitable flowchart, brief out the different types of grand strategies.	10
3 a.	"The general Electric's stoplight matrix is an effective tool for portfolio strategy", justify it.	10
b.	Discuss the Porter's Five force model for industry competition.	10
	OR	
4 a.	You can purchase a building for `3,50,000. The investment will generate	
	16,000 in cash flow (i.e. Rent) during the first 3 years. At the end of 3 years you will	10

sell the building for `4,50,000. What is the IRR on this investment?

b. A project requires an initial investment of `2,25,000 and is expected to generate the following net cash flow:

Year	`	
1	95,000	
2	80,000	
3	60,000	
4	55,000	

Compute NPV of the project, if the minimum desired rate of return is 12%.

- 5 a. Discuss the major components of cost of production. 10
  - b. Mention the general sources of collection secondary information. Explain in brief. 10

OR			

- 6 a. Explain the two techniques of Risk analysis in capital budgeting. 10
- b. Briefly explain the components of marketing plan. 10

7 a. A project involving an outlay of `10 million has the following benefits associated with

it:

Year 1		Year 2		Year 3	
Cash flow ( Million)	Probability	Cash flow (Million)	Probability	Cash flow ( Million)	Probability
4	0.4	5	0.4	3	0.3
5	0.5	6	0.4	4	0.5
6	0.1	7	0.2	5	0.2

10

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Assume that the cash flows are independent. Calculate the expected NPV and standard
deviation of NPV assuming that $I = 10\%$ .

b. Discuss the prerequisites for successful project implementation.

OR

- 8 a. Discuss the process of Administrative aspect of capital budgeting.
  - b. Describe different forms of project organization.

PART - B (Case Study Compulsory)

9. A chemical engineering consultant is evaluating a chemical formulation. He has estimated the total outlay on the project to be as follows:

Plant and machinery	`180 Lakhs
Working capital	`120 lakhs

The scheme of financing the project is as follows:

Equity capital	`100 lakhs
Term loan	`104 lakhs
Trade Credit	` 36 lakhs
Working capital advance	` 60 lakhs

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The project has an expected life of 5 years. Use depreciation @ 15% on WDV basis. The expected annual sales would be ` 350 lakhs. The cost of sales, which includes depreciation but excludes interest, is expected to be ` 190 lakhs per year. The tax rate of the firm is 40%. Term loan will carry 14% interest p.a. and will be repayable in 5 equal installments, beginning from the end of the first year. Working capital advance will carry an interest rate of 18%. It will be fully liquidated after 5 years. Trade creditors will be fully paid at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> year.

Define the cash flows for the new project for the first 5 years from the long term funds point of view. Also assume at the end of 5 years plant and machinery will fetch a value equal to their book value and the investment in working capital will be fully recovered.