P20 M	IMDN11		Ра	ge No.	1		
	U.S.N						
P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401 (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi) First Semester, M.Tech Mechanical Engineering (MMDN) Semester End Examination; April / May - 2021 Advanced Machine Design Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100							
10100.	Course Outcomes	1	10.00.111	uno	100		
 The Students will be able to: CO1: Explain failure theories and machine elements based on different static failure criteria, describe fatigue concepts and fatigue test methods. CO2: Describe the S-N behaviour of the machine components, Make use of various techniques for cycle counting and peak counting. CO3: Define concepts of strain life approach and Apply strain life approach for life estimation of machine elements. CO4: Explain concepts of LEFM. Analyze the crack growth life of machine elements. CO5: Describe the influence of notches on fatigue life of machine elements and apply concepts of fracture mechanics determine crack growth at notches. 							
1	 I) Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each unit. II) Any THREE units will have internal choice and remaining TWO unit question III) Each unit carries 20 marks. 		npulsor	у.			
Q. No.	UNIT - I	Marks	BLs	CO	РО		
1a.	Derive the design equation for Mohr's theory of failure.	10	L2	CO1	PO1,2		
1b.	Find the factor of safety against failure, using modified Mohr's						
	theory, given the material gray cast iron for which, $\sigma_{ut} = 30 \ MPa, \sigma_{uc} = 120 \ MPa, \sigma_x = -35 \ MPa,$ $\sigma_y = 10 \ MPa \ and \tau_{xy} = 0 \ MPa.$	10	L2	CO1	PO2		
	OR						
1d.	With a neat sketch, explain any one fatigue testing experiment.	10	L2	CO1	PO2		
1e.	Distinguish between failsafe design and safe life design, and explain the concept of inspectability upon which theory both depend? UNIT - II	10	L2	C01	PO1,3		
2 a.	Discuss the influence of following factors on S-N behaviour of						
2	Discuss the influence of fenewing factors of 5 ft centificationi) Microstructureii) Sizeiii) Surface finishiv) Loading frequency	10	L2	CO2	PO1,2		
2 b.	A 40 mm diameter bar has been machined from A1S1-1045 CD bar. The bar will be subjected to a fluctuating tensile load varying from 0-100 kN because of end fillet radius, $k_f = 1.85$ is to be used. Find the critical mean and alternating stresses value σ_a and σ_u and the fatigue factor of safety 'n' according to the modified good man fatigue criterion. Use Contd2	10	L4	CO2	PO1,2		

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$\sigma_{ut} = 630MPa, \sigma_y = 530MPa, \sigma_{cn} = 0.5 \sigma_{ut},$						
$a = 0.817, b = 1, c = 0.85, k_t = 1$						
UNIT - III						
3 a. With schematics, explain cyclic hardening and cyclic softening.	10	L2	CO3 PO1,2			
3 b. With a neat sketch, explain typical cyclic stress-strain curve.	10	L2	CO3 PO1,2			
UNIT - IV						
4 a. Explain;	10	L2	CO4 PO1,2			
i) Stress intensity factor ii) Fracture toughness	10	L2	04 101,2			
4 b. Explain loading modes and crack tip plastic zone.	10	L2	CO4 PO1,3			
OR						
4 d. Testing an aluminum alloy has resulted in the following data:						
$\sigma_u = 483 MPA$, $\sigma_{yp} = 345 MPa$, $K_{IC} = 28MPa\sqrt{m}$,						
$e(50mm) = 22\%, \ k' = 655MPa, \ n' = 0.065, \ \varepsilon_f' = 0.22,$						
$\sigma'_{f} = 1100MPa, \ b = -0.12, \ c = -0.60 \ and \ E = 71 \ GPa.$						
A direct tension member made of this alloy is to be 50 mm wide,						
9 mm thick and have 12 mm diameter hole, through the thickness, at	20	L5	CO4 PO1,3			
the centre of the tension member. The hole will produce a fatigue						
stress concentration factor of $k_f = 2.2$. A completely reversed axial						
force of 28 kN amplitude is to be applied to the number. Estimate the						
number of cycles required to initiate a fatigue crack at the edge of the						
hole.						
UNIT - V						
5 a. Illustrate with suitable sketch, the effect of notch root radius on notch	10	L2	CO5 PO1,3			
sensitivity factor.	10	L2	005 101,5			
5 b. Explain the procedure for life estimation using strain-life approach.	10	L2	CO5 PO1,2			
OR						
5 c. Explain notch sensitivity and notch factor.	10	L2	CO5 PO1,2			
5 d. Explain Haigh diagram to estimate its life estimation with SN	10	L2	CO5 PO2,3			
approach.	10		000 102,5			

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