

**P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandy - 571 401**

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Second Semester, B. E. - Semester End Examination; July / August - 2022**Engineering Mathematics - II**

(Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcome's*The Students will be able to:*

CO1: Understand the basic concept of matrix and solve the problems

CO2: Distinguish homogeneous and non-homogeneous differential equations.

CO3: Explain or solve Laplace transform of the functions

CO4: Solve Double and Triple integral of the functions

Note: i) **PART-A** is compulsory. One question from each unit for maximum of 2 marks.ii) **PART-B**: Answer any **TWO** sub questions (from a, b, c) from each unit for a Maximum of 18 marks.

Q. No.	Questions I: PART - A	Marks	BLs	COS	POs
		10			
1 a.	Write the matrix corresponding to the quadratic form $4x^2 - 2y^2 + z^2 - 2xy + 6zx$	2	L1	CO1	PO1
b.	What is the particular integral of $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = e^{2x}$	2	L1	CO2	PO1
c.	Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s+3}{s^2 - 4s + 13}$	2	L1	CO3	PO1
d.	State Gauss divergence theorem.	2	L1	CO4	PO1
e.	Define Beta and Gamma functions.	2	L1	CO4	PO1
	II: PART - B	90			
	UNIT - I	18			

1 a. For what values of K the equations

$$x + y + z = 1, 2x + y + 4z = K, 4x + y + 10z = k^2$$

9 L2 CO1 PO1

have a solution and solve them completely in each case

b. Solve the system of equations

$$2x + y + 4z = 12, 4x + 11y - z = 33, 8x - 3y + 2z = 20$$

9 CO1 PO2

Using LU decomposition method.

c. Reduce the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -19 & 7 \\ -42 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$ to the diagonal form.

9 L2 CO1 PO2

UNIT - II**18**2 a. i) Solve: $y'' + 4y + 5y = 0$ given that $y = 2$ and $y' = 0$ when $x = 0$

9 L2 CO2 PO1

ii) Solve: $(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^{-2x} \sin 2x$ b. Solve $(D^2 - 2D + 2)y = e^x \tan x$ by method of variation of parameters.

9 L2 CO2 PO2

c. Solve: $(x+1)^2 y'' + (x+1)y' + y = 4\cos[\log(x+1)]$

9 L2 CO2 PO3

UNIT - III**18**

- 3 a. Find Laplace transform of,

i) $t^2 \cos at$ ii) $\frac{e^{-t} \sin t}{t}$

9 L1 CO3 PO1

- b. i) Write the formula for the Laplace transform of periodic function $f(t)$ period T .

ii) Express: $f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos t, & 0 < t < \pi \\ \cos 2t, & \pi < t < 2\pi \\ \cos 3t, & t > 2T \end{cases}$ in terms of unit step function and

9 L2 CO3 PO2

hence find, $L\{f(t)\}$.

- c. i) Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{s+a}{b}\right)$

- ii) Find the inverse laplace transform of $\frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$ using convolution

9 L3 CO3 PO2

theorem.

UNIT - IV**18**

- 4 a. i) Find $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ if $u = x + y^2 - 3z^3$, $V = 4x^2yz$, $x = 2z^2 - xy$ at $(1, -1, 0)$

9 L2 CO4 PO2

- ii) Obtain the Taylor's expansion of $e^x \sin y$ about the point $(0, \pi/2)$ upto second degree terms.

- b. i) Write the necessary and sufficient conditions for $f(x, y)$ to have a maximum and minimum values at (a, b) .

- ii) The temperature T at point (x, y, z) in space is $T = 400xyz^2$. Find the highest temperature at the surface of the unit sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ using Lagrange method.

9 L2 CO4 PO2

- c. Verify Green's theorem for $\int_C (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$ Where C id the closed curve bounded by the line $y = x$ and the parabola $y = x^2$.

9 L3 CO4 PO2

UNIT - V**18**

- 5 a. i) Evaluate: $\int_0^1 \int_x^{1-x} xy dy dx$ ii) $\int_0^1 \int_0^x \int_0^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} dz dy dx$

9 L2 CO4 PO1

- b. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy dy dx$ by changing the order of integration.

9 L3 CO4 PO2

- c. i) Find the area of the first quadrant of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ by double integration

9 L3 CO4 PO2

- ii) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\tan \theta} d\theta$ using Beta function.