



P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Fourth Semester, Master of Business Administration (MBA)

Semester End Examination; July / Aug. - 2022

Portfolio Management

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes

The Students will be able to:

CO1 – The Students will understand the concept of Portfolio Management.

CO2 – The Students will demonstrate their conceptual knowledge on various portfolio theories.

CO3 – The Students will learn to construct the portfolio and to revise the same.

CO4 – The Students will demonstrate their knowledge on portfolio performance evaluation.

CO5 – The Students will gain the conceptual knowledge on Mutual funds and Behavioural Finance.

Note: I) Answer all **FOUR** full questions from **PART - A** and **PART - B** (Case Study) is compulsory.

II) Scientific calculators are allowed.

Q. No.	Questions PART - A	Marks	BLs	COs	POs																			
1 a.	Discuss the different phases in portfolio management.	10	L2	CO1	1,2,4																			
b.	Ramesh wants to purchase the stock of X and Y with the following information. Find out the expected return, variance and SD. Which is preferable?																							
	<table border="1" style="margin: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Return in %</th> <th rowspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Probability</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">X</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Y</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.05</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.15</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">-4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.35</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">14</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.45</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Return in %		Probability	X	Y	5	6	0.05	8	8	0.15	-4	10	0.35	14	12	0.45	10	L3	CO1	1,2,4		
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OR																								
2 a.	Explain the objectives and importance of portfolio management.	10	L2	CO1	1,2,4																			
b.	Kavitha wants to purchase the stock of X and Y with the following information. Calculate the expected return, variance and SD. Which is preferable?																							
	<table border="1" style="margin: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Probability</th> <th colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">Returns (%)</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Stock X</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Stock Y</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Stock Z</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">0.3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">0.5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">0.2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">18</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15</td> <td style="text-align: center;">14</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Probability	Returns (%)			Stock X	Stock Y	Stock Z	0.3	9	4	6	0.5	15	12	10	0.2	18	15	14	10	L3	CO1	1,2,4
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	Calculate the expected return and risk of individual securities.																							
3 a.	State the assumptions of CAPM. Illustrate the difference between Capital Market Line and security Market Line with suitable examples.	10	L2	CO2	1,2,4																			
b.	Stocks L and M have yielded the following returns for the past two years.	10	L3	CO2	1,2,4																			

Year	Return L (%)	Return M (%)
2015	12	14
2016	18	12

Calculate the following:

- i) Expected return on portfolio made up of 60% of L and 40% of M.
- ii) Standard deviation of each stock.
- iii) Covariance and coefficient of correlation between stock L and M.
- iv) Portfolio risk of a portfolio made of 60% of L and 40% of M.

OR

- 4 a. Discuss Markowitz model of portfolio diversification with assumptions with suitable graphs and illustrations. 10 L2 CO2 1,2,4
- b. Arul got the following information regarding his favorite stocks. He wants to invest in all the four stocks equally.

Stocks	σ	β	σ_{ei}^2
1	1.27	1.5	50
2	1.02	1.05	40
3	2.48	1.37	20
4	0.47	0.86	35

10 L3 CO2 1,2,4

The market variance is 25. The markets expected return is 20%.

- i) What would be Arul's portfolio return and risk?
- ii) Can you advise him regarding the amount to be allocated on each security so as to enhance his earnings?

- 5 a. Discuss constant ratio plan and constant rupee plan for portfolio revision with suitable examples. 10 L2 CO3 1,2,4
- b. Rank the three funds given below with the help of Treynor and Sharpe index.

Growth Fund	Return %	Beta	Alpha
X	15	1.5	12
Y	17	1.6	14
Z	13	0.75	11
Risk free return	9		

10 L3 CO4 1,2,4,5

Is there any difference in the ranking according to these measures? If so why?

OR

- 6 a. Discuss Portfolio Management Strategies. 10 L2 CO3 1,2,4

- b. Consider the following information for three mutual funds, X, Y, and Z, and the market

	Market return	Standard deviation in %	Beta
X	24	22	1.8
Y	16	14	1.2
Z	12	13	0.8
Market Index	10	10	1

10 L3 CO4 1,2,4,5

The mean risk free rate was 7%. Calculate TREYNOR measure, SHARPE measure and JENSEN measure.

OR

- 7 a. Discuss the working of a mutual fund and its organization structure. 10 L2 CO5 1,2,4,5
- b. Discuss the following heuristic-driven biases and cognitive errors: Representativeness, overconfidence, Anchoring, A version to ambiguity, Innumeracy. 10 L3 CO5 1,2,4,5

OR

- 8 a. Explain any five indicators used for assessing/evaluating mutual funds. 10 L2 CO5 1,2,4,5
- b. Discuss the risks and benefits associated with portfolio investment. 10 L3 CO5 1,2,4,5

PART - B (Case Study) Compulsory

9. Case Study

A portfolio manager has got the following information about several stocks. He has to build a optimum portfolio for his client without short sales.

Security	Expected Return	β	σ_{ei}^2
A	22	1	35
B	20	2.5	30
C	14	1.5	25
D	18	1.0	80
E	16	0.8	20
F	12	1.2	10
G	19	1.6	25
H	17	2.0	30

The market index variance is 12percent and the risk free rate of return is 7 percent.

- a. Determine the expected return of individual securities. 5
- b. Estimate the cut off rate as per the Sharpe's single index model and ascertain the weights for each individual security forming the optimum portfolio. 10 L4 CO3 1,2,4
- c. Estimate the portfolio return. 5