$\square$

# P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571401 <br> (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi) <br> First Semester, B.E. - Semester End Examination; May - 2022 <br> Basic Electronics 

(Common to all Branches)
Time: 3 hrs
Max. Marks: 100

## Course Outcomes

The Students will be able to:
CO1: Apply knowledge of physics and mathematics to understand operation of PN diodes, Zener diodes MOSFET, solar cells, LCD, CRT, Transducers, modulation techniques and Opamps.
CO2: Analyze circuits built with diodes, Zener diodes, MOSFET and Opamp.
CO3: Design simple circuit to perform rectification, voltage regulation, Opamp based amplifier, summer and filter, MOSFET based amplifier, digital circuit.
CO4: Analyze and implement basic Digital Electronic circuits for a given application using knowledge of Boolean Algebra and Basic gates.
CO5: Discuss different modulation techniques and communication systems.
Note: I) PART - A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.
II) PART - B: Answer any Two sub questions (from $a, b, c$ ) for a Maximum of 18 marks from each unit.
Q. No.

## Questions

Marks BLs COs POs
I : PART - A
10

I a. Design an appropriate circuit to obtain the desired waveform from the given input signal Fig. $\mathrm{Q}(1.1)$.

fig Q. (1.1)
b. Draw the circuit diagram for a voltage divider configuration of MOSFET.

2 L2 CO1 PO1
c. Find $V_{0}$ in the circuit shown in Fig. Q.(1.3). Let $R_{f}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, R_{l}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and $R_{2}=5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

d. Realize XOR gate using 4 NAND gates.
e. The total power content of an AM signal is 1000 W . Determine the power being transmitted at carrier frequency and at each side bands when $2 \quad \mathrm{~L} 2 \mathrm{CO} 2 \mathrm{PO} 2$ modulation is $100 \%$.
$2 \quad \mathrm{~L} 2 \quad \mathrm{CO} 2 \mathrm{PO} 2$
$2 \quad \mathrm{~L} 2 \mathrm{CO} 2 \mathrm{PO} 2$

1 a. Sketch and explain the forward and reverse V-I characteristics of a germanium diode. A silicon diode and germanium diodes are connected in series with a diode forward resistance of $0.1 \Omega$ and $0.56 \Omega$ for silicon and germanium diodes respectively. For a DC supply of 25 V , determine the forward current through the diodes.
b. With the help of a neat diagram, explain the working of full wave bridge rectifier. Also write the expressions for $I_{d c}$ and $I_{r m s}$.
c. Sketch and explain the reverse V-I characteristics of a Zener diode. A Zener of $V_{Z}=6 \mathrm{~V}$ is used with a DC supply of 15 V in a loaded Zener voltage regulator. The resistance in series with input is $200 \Omega$. Zener has $I_{Z \min }=10 \mathrm{~mA}$ and $P_{Z \max }=0.5 \mathrm{~W}$. Calculate the minimum value of load resistance.

## UNIT - II

2 a . Discuss the construction and characteristics of n-channel depletion type MOSFET with relevant diagrams.
b. Draw the symbol of enhancement type NMOSFET clearly showing the terminals of it. Explain the construction and working of it. Also draw its drain characteristics marking various regions of operation.
c. With the help of a neat circuit diagram, explain FET phase shift oscillator and hence get the expression for the frequency of oscillation.

## UNIT - III

3 a. Explain how opamp can be used as a 3-inut inverting adder. Also write the expression for its output voltage. Hence design a circuit to obtain the following output voltage;
$V_{0}=-\left[0.5 V_{1}+0.8 V_{2}+2 V_{3}\right]$. Assume $R_{f}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
b. Draw the circuit of an inverting opamp integrator and write the expression for output voltage. Explain its working with neat waveforms considering the input to be square waveform.
c. (i) In an opamp, when $V_{l}=0.5 \mathrm{mV}, V_{2}=-0.5 \mathrm{mV}$, the output is 8 V when $V_{1}=V_{2}=1 \mathrm{mV}$, the output is 12 mV . Calculate its CMRR in dB . The voltage $V_{l}$ is non-inverting and $V_{2}$ is inverting input.
(ii) An inverting opamp amplifier has an input of -1 V and power supply is $\pm 12 \mathrm{~V}$. If the feedback resistor $R_{f}=20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ what value of input resistor is required to get an output of 5 V ?

L3 CO 3 PO 3

UNIT - IV 18
4 a. (i) If $F=\bar{A} \bar{B}+\bar{C}+\bar{D}+\bar{E}$. Find the expression for $\bar{F}$.
(ii) Simplify the following expression and realize the same using NAND gates: $Z=A \bar{B} C+B+B \bar{D}+A B \bar{D}+\bar{A} C$
b. Write the circuit diagram for full adder using two half adder. Explain with truth table. Also write the equation for sum and carry.
c. (i) $(9275)_{10}=(?)_{16}$
$(11001.011)_{2}=(?)_{10}$
(ii) Subtract (24) ${ }_{10}$ from (17) $)_{10}$ using 2's complement method and express the binary result in decimal.

UNIT - V
5 a . With the help of a neat diagram, explain amplitude modulation in detail.
b. What is digital communication? Explain the advantages of digital communication over analog communication.
c. Explain how a call is made from a mobile phone to another mobile phone.

3

L2 CO 4 PO 3
6
$9 \quad \mathrm{~L} 2 \quad \mathrm{CO} 4 \quad \mathrm{PO} 2$

4
L2 $\mathrm{CO} 4 \quad \mathrm{PO} 2$
$9 \quad$ L2 $\quad$ CO5 PO 3

9
L2 CO5 PO3
$9 \quad \mathrm{~L} 2 \mathrm{CO} 4 \mathrm{PO} 2$

