

P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Seventh Semester, B.E. - Semester End Examination; February - 2022 Financial Management

Time: 3 hrs	Max. Marks: 100
Note: I) PART - A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.	

II) PART - B: Answer any <u>Two</u> sub questions (from a, b, c) for Maximum of 18 marks from each unit.

Q. No.	Questions I : PART - A	Marks 10	BLs	COs	POs
I a.	What is Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)?	2	L1	CO1	PO1,11
b.	What is time value of money?	2	L2	CO2	PO4,10
c.	List out the characteristics of current assets.	2	L3	CO3	PO2
d.	Explain the concept derivatives.	2	L3	CO4	PO4
e.	Explain Foreign exchange markets.	2	L3	CO5	PO5
	II : PART - B	90			
1 .	UNIT - I What is Einspeich Management? Europic the cools of Einspeich	18			
1 a.	What is Financial Management? Explain the goals of Financial Management.	9	L2	CO1	PO5,3
b.	What is CAPM? What are the components of CAPM equation?				
	Explain the meaning of each component. What does it tell us about	9	L2	CO1	PO5,3
	the required return on a risky investment?				
c.	Wipro's share is quoted at Rs. 60/- it is expected the company to pay				
	a dividend of Rs. 3 per share. One year from now the expected price				
	one year from now is Rs. 78.50/-				
	i) What is the expected dividend yield rate of price change and	9	L4	CO1	PO7
	Holding Period Yield (HPY)?				
	ii) If the beta of the share is 1.5, the risk free rate is 6% and market				
	risk premium is 10%, what is the required rate of return?				
_	UNIT - II	18			
2 a.	Briefly explain financial assets / instruments of long term sources of finance.	9	L5	CO2	PO5,12
b.	SCL limited is considering an investment proposal to install new				
	milling controls at a cost of Rs. 50,000/ The facility has a life				
	expectancy of 5 years and no salvage value. The tax rate is 35%.				
	Assume the firm uses straight line depreciation and the same is	9	L2	CO2	PO3,4
	allowed for tax purposes, the estimated Cash Flows Before				
	depreciation and Tax (CFBT) from the investment proposal are as				
	follows compute payback period. Contd 2				

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c.	What is capital budgeting? Explain discounting and non-discounting				a a	D 0 7	
	techniques of capital budgeting.		9	L5	CO2	PO5	
	UNIT - III		18				
3 a.	Explain the main sources of finance for working capital.		9	L5	CO3	PO5,11	
b.	X and Y limited is desirous to purchase a business and ha	s consulted					
	you and one point on which you are asked to advise the	nem, is the					
	average amount of working capital which will be requ	ired in the					
	first year's working.						
	You are given the following estimates and you are instru	cted to add					
	10% to your computed figure to allow for contingencies						
	Particulars	Amount					
	i) Average amount backed up for stocks:-						
	Stocks of finished product	5,000					
	Stocks of stores and materials	8,000					
	ii) <u>Average credit given</u> :- Inland sales, 6 weeks credit	3,12,000	9	L2	CO3	PO3	
	Export sales, 1.5 weeks credit	78,000					
	iii)Average time lag in payment of wages and other out	, 0,000					
	goings:						
	Wages, 1.5 weeks	2,60,000					
	Stocks and materials, 1.5 month	48,000					
	Rent and royalties – 6 months	10,000					
	Clerical staff, 0.6 month	62,000					
	Manager, 0.5 month	4,800					
	Miscellaneous expenses, 1.5 months	48,000					
	iv) <u>Payment in advance</u> :	8 000					
	Sundry expenses (paid quarterly in advance) Undrawn profits on an average though out the year	8,000 11,000					
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c.	What are the major factors that determinate working capit	al needs of	9	L4	CO3	PO6	
	a business firm?						
	UNIT - IV		18				
4 a.	What are the functions of derivative market? Explain the	e players in	9	L5	CO4	PO1	
	derivatives market.)	L3	004	101	
b.	What are the objectives of financial derivatives and o	discuss the	9	L3	CO4	PO1	
	factors causing growth of financial derivatives.		,	L 3	004	101	
c.	Explain different types of financial derivatives.		9	L2	CO4	PO1	
	UNIT - V		18				
5 a.			9	L1	CO5	PO12	
b.	b. Explain key driving factors of Purchasing Power Parity [PPP]		0	T 5	COF		
	Interest rate parity.		9	L5	CO5	PO1	
c.	"Multinational enterprises are subject to different type	es of risks	0	1.2	005	DO14	
	exposures". Explain three different types of exposure.		9	L2	CO5	PO14	
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