

5. A pair of straight tooth bevel gears at right angles is to transmit 5 kW at 1200 rpm of the pinion. The diameter of the pinion is 80mm and the velocity ratio is 3.5. The tooth from is 14.5°. Both the pinion and gear are cast iron with allowable stress of 55 MN/m². Determine the module, face width form the stand point of strength and also check the design from stand point of dynamic load and wear.

Contd... 2

20

P15AU63

20

10

6. Design a worm drive for a speed reducer to transmit 30 kW at a worm speed of 600 rpm. The required velocity ratio 25:1. The worm is made of C30 heat treated steel and the worm wheel is made of phosphor bronze. The service conditions are intermitted operations with medium shock loads. Also calculate the heat dissipation through the drive

UNIT - IV

- 7 a. A single plate friction clutch of both sides effective has 0.3 m outer diameter and 0.16 m inner diameter. The co-efficient of friction is 0.2 and it runs at 1000 rpm. Find the power transmitted for uniform wear and uniform pressure distribution cases if the allowable maximum pressure is 0.08 MPa.
 - b. A multiple disc clutch of steel on bronze category is to transmit 4 kW at 750 rpm. The inner diameter of contact is 80 mm and the outer diameter of contact is 140 mm. The clutch operates in oil with a coefficient of friction of 0.1. The average allowable maximum pressure is 0.35 MPa. Assume uniform wear theory and determine;
 - i) Number of steel and Bronze disc
 - ii) Axial force required
- 8 a. Define brakes and write any four differences between Block brake and Band brake.
- 8

10

- b. A single block brake with a torque capacity of 250 N-m is shown in Fig. 8b the brake drum rotates at 100 rpm and the coefficient of friction is 0.35. Calculate;
 - i) The actuating force and the hinge pin reaction.
 - ii) The rate of heat generation during the braking action.
 - iii) The dimensions of the block, if the intensity of pressure between the block and brake drum is 1 MPa. The length of the block is twice the width.

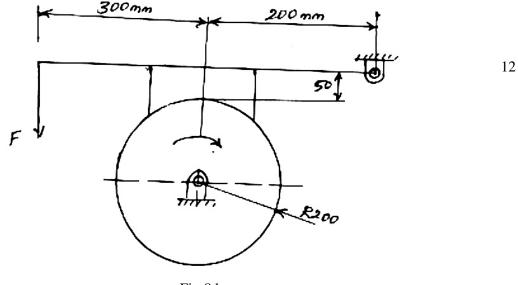


Fig:8.b.

Contd... 3

UNIT - V

- 9 a. Derive Petroff's equation.
 - A 75 mm long full radial load of 12 kN at a shaft speed of 1800 rpm. Assume ratio of diameter to the diametrical clearance as 1000. The viscosity of oil is 0.01 Pa-s at the operating temperature. Determine;
 - i) Coefficient of friction on Mckee's Equation
 - ii) Coefficient of friction based on Raimondi and Boys curves
 - iii) The probable temperature of the bearing assuming that the heat generated is dissipated in still air at 20°, using Mckee's Equation
- 10 a. List any six types of antifriction bearings and briefly explain any two with neat sketch. 8
 - b. Determine the dimensions of a step bearing required to support a load of 20 kN. The shaft speed is 740 rpm. Assume d''-0.3d', P = 0.45 MPa and $f_C = 0.018$. Also calculate the power 12 lost in friction.

* * * *

12