



P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Fourth Semester, B.E. - Computer Science and Engineering

Semester End Examination; July/August - 2022

Theory of Computation

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Note: I) PART - A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.

II) PART - B: Answer any Two sub questions (from a, b, c) for a Maximum of 18 marks from each unit.

Q. No.	Questions	Marks
I : PART - A		10
I a.	Define DFA.	2
b.	Define Regular Expression.	2
c.	Write CFG for the CFL $L = \{a^n b^{2n} \mid n \geq 0\}$.	2
d.	Define DPDA.	2
e.	Define TM.	2
II : PART - B		90
UNIT - I		18

- 1 a. Design a DFA to recognise all the strings, over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, which ends with 'aba'. 9
- b. Convert the following NFA into its equivalent DFA and hence state the language recognised by the same. 9

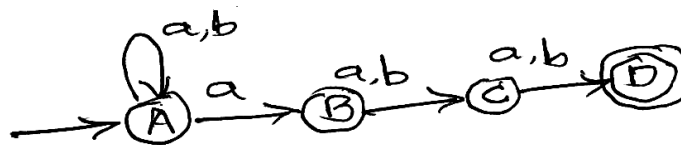


Fig Q1(b)

- c. Convert the following ϵ -NFA into its equivalent DFA and hence state the language recognised by the same. 9



Fig Q1(c)

UNIT - II **18**

- 2 a. Write regular expression for the following regular languages over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$
- i) Ends with either *abb* or *aba* or *aab* 9
 - ii) $L = \{a^i b^j \mid (i+j) \text{ is even}\}$
 - iii) $|W| \bmod 3 = 2$

- b. State and prove pumping lemma for regular languages. 9
- c. Prove that for every regular expression R , representing the regular language $L(R)$, there is an equivalent DFA M such that $L(M) = L(R)$. 9

UNIT - III**18**

3 a. Write CFG for the following CFLs:

i) $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i = j \text{ or } j = k \text{ or } k = i\}$

ii) $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i = 3(j + k)\}$

iii) Palindrome over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

b. Define ambiguous grammar and hence prove that the following grammar is ambiguous 9

$$E \rightarrow E + E \mid E * E \mid id$$

c. Convert the given CFG into its equivalent PDA 9

$$E \rightarrow E + E \mid E * E \mid id$$

UNIT - IV**18**

4 a. Design PDA for the following CFL $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i = j + k\}$ 9

b. Design PDA to recognise the CFL, $L = \{W \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(W) = n_b(W)\}$. State whether the resultant PDA is DPDA/NPDA. Justify your answer. 9

c. Define PDA, Instantaneous description a PDA and language accepted by PDA. 9

UNIT - V**18**

5 a. Design TM to recognize the language $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ 9

b. Explain any two extensions of TM. 9

c. Explain recursively enumerable languages and post's correspondence problem. 9

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