

**P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401***(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)***Eight Semester, B.E. - Electrical and Electronics Engineering****Semester End Examination; July/August - 2022****Renewable Energy Sources***Time: 3 hrs**Max. Marks: 100***Course Outcomes***The Students will be able to:**CO1: Need for knowing importance of the electrical energy the various factors contributing for the demand and supply of electrical energy.**CO2: Conversion principles, potential of the solar energy, various types of solar energy working with solar energy.**CO3: Scenario of the wind energy. Wind energy conversion systems different types of assemblies, applications.**CO4: Photosynthesis process, biomass conversion technologies. Solid waste conversion and management systems.**CO5: Basic energy conversion principle of tidal and ocean energy. Different types of tidal power plant, ocean thermal energy conversion systems and applications.***Note: I)PART - A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.****II)PART - B: Answer any Two sub questions (from a, b, c) for Maximum of 18 marks from each unit.**

| Q. No. | Questions | Marks | BLs | COs | POs |
|----------------------|--|-----------|-----|-----|-------|
| I : PART - A | | 10 | | | |
| I a. | Define Zenith angle. | 2 | L1 | CO1 | PO2 |
| b. | Enlist the applications of solar thermal system. | 2 | L1 | CO2 | PO2 |
| c. | Enlist the limitations of WECS. | 2 | L1 | CO3 | PO2 |
| d. | Describe biomass gasification. | 2 | L1 | CO4 | PO2 |
| e. | Enlist the advantages of tidal power generation. | 2 | L1 | CO5 | PO2 |
| II : PART - B | | 90 | | | |
| UNIT - I | | 18 | | | |
| 1 a. | Discuss any 3 conventional types of energy sources. | 9 | L2 | CO1 | PO2 |
| b. | Explain the advantages and limitations of non-conventional energy sources. | 9 | L2 | CO1 | PO2 |
| c. | Determine the local solar time and declination at a local latitude $23^{\circ} 15'$ N, longitude $77^{\circ} 30'$ E at 12.30 IST on June 19. Equation of time correction is given from standard table/chart = $-(1' 01'')$ | 9 | L3 | CO1 | PO1,2 |

UNIT - II**18**

- 2 a. What is a green house? Explain different types of green houses. 9 L2 CO2 PO2
- b. Describe the working principle of a solar photo-voltaic cell. Explain the working of a solar photo-voltaic power generation system with a neat diagram. 9 L2 CO2 PO2
- c. With a neat sketch, explain solar water pumping system. 9 L2 CO2 PO2

UNIT - III**18**

- 3 a. Derive an expression for the maximum power in the wind. 9 L3 CO3 PO1,2
- b. Wind at 1 standard atmospheric pressure and 15⁰ C has velocity of 15m/sec. Calculate:
- i) The total power density in the wind stream.
- ii) The maximum obtainability power density. 9 L3 CO3 PO1,2
- iii) The total power.
- iv) The torque and axial thrust. [Given turbine diameter = 120 m, turbine operating speed = 40 rpm at maximum efficiency, propeller type WT.
- c. Explain the factors used for wind site selection considerations. 9 L3 CO3 PO2

UNIT - IV**18**

- 4 a. Describe the following processes for biomass conversion:
- i) Anaerobic digestion 9 L2 CO4 PO2
- ii) Fermentation
- iii) Pyrolysis
- b. Enlist and explain the factors affecting biodigestion. 9 L2 CO4 PO2
- c. Explain KVIC and Janatha models of biogas plant unit diagram. 9 L4 CO4 PO2

UNIT - V**18**

- 5 a. Describe components of tidal power plants. 9 L2 CO5 PO2
- b. A tidal power plant of the simple single basic type has a basin area of 30×10⁶m². The tide has a range of 12 m. The turbine however, stops operating when the head of it falls below 3 m. Calculate the energy generated in the filling process in KWhr. If the turbine generator efficiency is 0.73. 9 L3 CO5 PO1,2
- c. Explain the Anderson type OTEC cycle with diagram. 9 L2 CO5 PO2

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