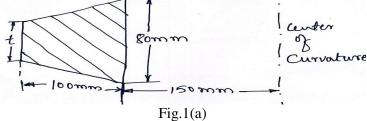
<b>P18M</b>	E61		Pag	e No.	1
	U.S.N				
and the second se	P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 5' (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belaga Sixth Semester, B.E Mechanical Engineering Semester End Examination; July / Aug 2022	vi)	1		
<i>т</i> .	Design of Machine Elements - II	17	7.0	1	100
Time:	3 hrs Course Outcomes	MC	ix. Mo	arks:	100
CO1: 1 s CO2: L	dents will be able to: Explain curved beams, Analyze helical and leaf springs with an understanding prings. Determine stresses in cylindrical pressure vessels, Analyze stresses due to different nalyze spur, helical and bevel gears.			relate	ed to
CO4: A CO5: A	nalyze worm gears, simple clutches and brakes, with an understanding of safety is nalyze about stress distribution in lubricating fluids. Design sliding and rolling co			rakes.	
11 11	<ul> <li>I) PART - A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.</li> <li>I) PART - B: Answer any <u>Two</u> sub questions (from a, b, c) for a Maximum of 18 m</li> <li>I) Missing data, if any, may be assumed suitable.</li> <li>I) Use of Data hand book counter signed by competent authority is permitted.</li> </ul>	<b>arks</b> fron	ı each	unit.	
Q. No.	Questions I : PART - A	Marks 10	BLs	COs	POs
I a.	Define surging in springs.	2	L1	CO1	PO1
b.	Differentiate between thick and thin cylinders.	2	L1	CO2	PO1,2
c.	State the applications of bevel gear.	2	L1	CO3	PO1
d.	Define clutch. List the different types of clutch.	2	L1	CO4	PO1
e.	Define and state the uses of Bearing characteristic Number.	2	L1	CO5 ]	PO1,2
1 a.	<b>II : PART - B</b> <b>UNIT - I</b> Determine the value of 't' in the cross-section of a curved	90 18			
	machine member shown in Fig. 1(a) so that the normal stress due to				
	bending at extreme fibres are numerically equal. Also determine the				
	normal stresses induced at extreme fibres due to a bending moment of				
	10 kN-m.				
		14	L3	CO1	PO3



b. A railway wagon weighing 50 kN and moving with a speed of 8 km/hr

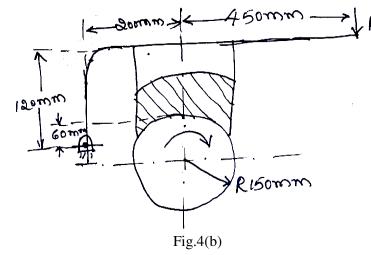
has to be stopped by four buffer springs in which the maximum compression allowed is 220 mm. Find the number of turns or coils 14 L3 CO1 PO3 in each spring of mean diameter 150 mm. The diameter of spring wire is 25 mm. Take G = 84 GPa. Also find the shear stress.

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c.	Derive an expression for shear stress in Helical compression spring of	4	
	circular cross-section wire.	4	L2 CO1 PO2
	UNIT - II	18	
2 a.	Derive Lami's equation for thick cylinder with usual notations.	14	L3 CO2 PO3
b.	A 100 mm inside and 150 mm outside sleeve is press fitted on to a shaft		
	of 100 mm diameter. The modulus of elasticity of material is 210 GPa		
	and Poisson's ratio is 0.28. The contact pressure is not to exceed		
	60 MPa. Determine; i) Tangential stress at inner and outer surface of	14	L3 CO2 PO3
	the sleeve and outside diameter of the shaft		
	ii) Radial stress in the shaft and hub before press fit		
	iii) Total Interference		
c.	A cast steel cylinder of 350 mm inside diameter is to contain liquid at a		
	pressure of 13.5 N/mm <sup>2</sup> . It is closed at both ends by flat cover plates		
	which are made of alloy steel and are attached by bolts. Determine;		
	i) Wall thickness of the cylinder, if the maximum hoop stress in the	4	L2 CO2 PO3
	material is limited to 55 MPa		
	ii) Minimum thickness necessary of the cover plates if the working		
	stress is not exceed 65 MPa		
	UNIT - III	18	
3 a.	<b>UNIT - III</b> Design a pair of spur gear 20° involute to transmit 30 kW of power at	18	
3 a.			13 CO3 PO4
3 a.	Design a pair of spur gear 20° involute to transmit 30 kW of power at	<b>18</b> 14	L3 CO3 PO4
3 a.	Design a pair of spur gear 20° involute to transmit 30 kW of power at 600 rpm of pinion. Number of teeth on pinion is 15, transmission ratio is		L3 CO3 PO4
	Design a pair of spur gear 20° involute to transmit 30 kW of power at 600 rpm of pinion. Number of teeth on pinion is 15, transmission ratio is 5:1. Material of the pinion is cast steel. [ $\sigma = 137.34$ MPa] and that of		L3 CO3 PO4
	Design a pair of spur gear 20° involute to transmit 30 kW of power at 600 rpm of pinion. Number of teeth on pinion is 15, transmission ratio is 5:1. Material of the pinion is cast steel. [ $\sigma$ = 137.34 MPa] and that of Gear is High grade cast iron [ $\sigma$ = 103 MPa].	14	
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iii) Resultant hinge-pin reaction

iv) Heat generated. If the brake drum rotates at 50 rpm.



c. A car engine develops maximum power of 15 kW at 1000 rpm. The clutch used is a single plate type of both sides effective having external diameter 1.25 times internal diameter  $\mu = 0.3$ . Maximum axial pressure is not to exceed 0.085 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Determine the dimensions of the friction surface and the force necessary to engage the plates. Assume uniform pressure condition.

## L2 CO4 PO2,3

4

18

UNIT - V

5 a. A hydrodynamic journal bearing of radius 19 mm, length 38 mm has a radial clearance of 0.038 mm. The viscosity of oil is 0.02756 Pa-s. The load on the bearing is 2210 N and the speed of the journal is 30 rev/s. Determine; i) Minimum film thickness and its angular location ii) Eccentricity iii) Coefficient of friction 14 L3 CO5 PO3 iv) Torque to overcome friction v) Power loss due to friction vi) Total volumetric flow rate vii) Side flow viii) Maximum film pressure and the location of maximum and terminating pressures. Design the main bearing for a stationary slow speed steam engine for the b. following data. Journal diameter = 200 mm; Maximum load on the L3 CO5 PO3 14 piston = 80 kN, Engine speed = 200 rpm. Explain with a neat sketch the hydrodynamic theory of lubrication. 4 L2 CO5 PO2 с.