



P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Fourth Semester, B.E. - Computer Science and Engineering

Semester End Examination; August - 2023

Theory of Computation

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes

The Students will be able to:

CO1: Design finite automata.

CO2: Apply regular expression for lexical analysis phases.

CO3: Design grammars for various languages.

CO4: push-down automata from grammars and grammar to pda.

CO5: Design Turing machines for simple languages and design problem reductions to determine the undecidability of languages.

Note: I) PART-A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.

II) PART-B: Answer any Two sub questions (from a, b, c) for a Maximum of 18 marks from each unit.

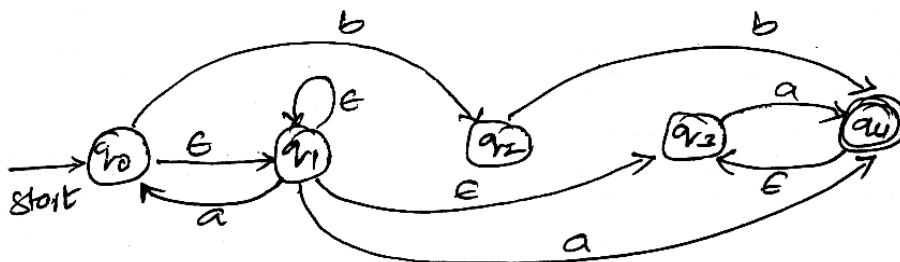
Q. No.	Questions	Marks	BLs	COs
I : PART - A		10		
1 a.	Define ϵ -Closure.	2	L1	CO1
b.	Write a regular expression to accept the set of strings of 0's and 1's ends with 1 and does not contain the substring 00.	2	L2	CO2
c.	Write content free grammar for the following regular expression: $(ab)^* a (a + b)^*$	2	L2	CO3
d.	Define deterministic pushdown automata.	2	L1	CO4
e.	Define Turing Machine.	2	L1	CO5
II : PART - B		90		
UNIT - I		18		

2 a. Construct the deterministic finite automata for the given language;

$$\alpha = \{W \mid W \in \{a, b\}^* \text{ and } |W| \bmod 3 > |W| \bmod 2\}$$

Show that the string 'bbabb' is accepted or not by using intended transition function.

b. Write subset construction algorithm and convert the following ϵ -NFA to DFA.



9 L3 CO2

- c. What are distinguishable and indistinguishable state and minimize following DFA.

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow A$	B	A
B	A	C
C	D	B
*D	D	A
E	D	F
F	G	E
G	F	G
H	G	D

9 L3 CO1

UNIT - II

18

- 3 a. State and prove the pumping Lemma for regular languages and show that $L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 1\}$ is not regular. 9 L2 CO2
- b. Prove that every language defined by regular expression is also defined by finite automate and convert the given RE to ϵ - NFA. 9 L2 CO2
 $a^* + b^* + c^*$
- c. Consider the following languages defined over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$
 $L_1 = \{ \text{the set of all string containing atleast one 0} \}$
 i) Write regular expression for L_1 and L_2 9 L3 CO2
 ii) Draw the DFA for L_1 and L_2
 iii) Draw the DFA to recognizing the languages
 $L_1 \cup L_2, L_1 \cap L_2, L_1 - L_2$

UNIT - III

18

- 4 a. Design the CFG for the language $L = \{ab (bbaa)^n bba (ba)^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ and also construct the derivation free for the input string $abbbaabbaba$ by using left most and right most deviation. 9 L6 CO3
- b. Mention the applications of CFG and explain any two applications in detail. 9 L2 CO3
- c. Convert the following CFG to CNF
 $S \rightarrow aA \mid aBB$
 $A \rightarrow aaA/\epsilon$ 9 L3 CO3
 $B \rightarrow bB / bbC$
 $C \rightarrow B$

UNIT - IV

18

- 5 a. Define PDA design deterministic pushdown automata for the language
 $L = \{a^n b^m c^{n+m} \mid n \geq 1, m \geq 1\}$ and also show the ID for the input string
 “abbccc”.
- 9 L5 CO4
- b. Convert the PDA to a CFG, if f is given by
 $P = \{ \{p, q\} \{0, 1\} \{x, Z\} \delta, q, Z \}$
 $\delta(q, 1, Z) = \{(q, XZ)\}$
 $\delta(q, 1, X) = \{(q, XX)\}$
 $\delta(q, \epsilon, X) = \{(q, \epsilon)\}$
 $\delta(q, 0, X) = \{(p, X)\}$
 $\delta(p, 1, X) = \{(p, \epsilon)\}$
 $\delta(p, 0, Z) = \{(q, Z)\}$
- 9 L3 CO4
- c. Define Language of PDA and convert the following CFG to PDA:
- $S \rightarrow aA$
 $A \rightarrow aA \mid bA \mid a \mid b$
- 9 L1 L3 CO4

UNIT - V

18

- 6 a. Design Turing machine for the language to accept the set of strings with equal
 number of 0's and 1's and also show the instantaneous description for the input
 string “110100”.
- 9 L6 CO5
- b. Explain the multitape and multistack Turing machine with neat diagram.
- 9 L2 CO5
- c. Write short notes on the following:
- i) Recursively enumerable languages
- ii) Nondeterministic Turing machine
- iii) Post correspondence problem
- 9 L2 CO5

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