P21IP405 Page No... 1

U.S.N					

P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Fourth Semester, B.E. - Industrial and Production Engineering Semester End Examination; Sep. / Oct. - 2023

Mechanical Measurements and Metrology

Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes

The Students will be able to:

CO1: Apply fundamentals of metrology and measurement.

CO2: Design tolerances and fits for selected product quality.

CO3: Analyze appropriate method and instruments for inspection of various mechanical systems.

CO4: Make use of experimental data for writing a report as an individual or as a team member to communicate effectively.

Note: I) PART - A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.

II) PART - B: Answer any <u>Two</u> sub questions (from a, b, c) for a Maximum of 18 marks from each unit.

Q. No.	Questions	Marks	BLs	COs	POs
	I: PART - A	10			
1 a.	Differentiate between line standard and end standard.	2	L2	CO1	PO1
b.	Write a short note on wear allowance on gauges.	2	L2	CO2	PO1
c.	State the principle of back pressure in pneumatic comparator.			CO1	PO2
d.	State and explain transfer efficiency.			CO2	PO3
e.	Define vacuum pressure and absolute pressure.	2	L2	CO2	PO1
	II : PART - B	90			
	UNIT - I	18			
2 a.	Explain the various stages of generalized measurement systems for dial gauge.	9	L2	CO1	PO1
b.	Three 100 mm gauges are measured on a level comparator by first wringing them together and then comparing with 300 mm gauge and an inter-comparing them. The 300 mm gauge actually measures 300.0025 mm, and the three gauges together have a combination length of 300.0035 mm gauge A is 0.0020 mm longer than gauge B but shorter than gauge C by 0.0010 mm. Determine the corrected length of each gauge.	9	L3	CO1	PO1
c.	Discuss NPL method of deriving end standard from line standard.	9	L2	CO1	PO1
	UNIT - II	18			
3 a.	With necessary sketch, explain the three types of fits and their practical applications.	9	L3	CO2	PO2

P21IP405			Page No 2		
b.	Determine the types of fit after deciding the fundamental deviations and				
	tolerances in the following:				
	Fit ϕ 70H ₉ e ₇ diameter step(50 - 80)	9	Ι2	CO2	DO2
	Fundamental deviations for 'e' shaft = $-11D^{0.41}$	9	L3	CO2	PO2
	$IT_7 = 16i$, $IT_9 = 40i$,				
	$i = 0.45\sqrt[3]{D} + 0.001D$ in μm				
c.	With necessary sketch, discuss the use of single ended, double ended and	9	12	CO3	PO2
	shell form of plug gauges.		LZ	CO3	102
	UNIT - III	18			
4 a.	Draw the neat sketch of the following and explain their working:				
	i) Dial gauge	9	L2	CO3	PO2
	ii) LVDT				
b.	Discuss the surface roughness terminologies with schematic diagram.	9	L2	CO3	PO2
c.	Draw the sigma comparator and explain its working. Also discuss the	9	L2	CO3	PO2
	magnification scale in detail.				
5 o	UNIT - IV Discuss at least three pressure consitive elements with passessory elected	18 9	1.2	CO3	DO2
5 a. b.	Discuss at least three-pressure sensitive elements with necessary sketch. Draw the neat sketch of sliding contact resistive type and capacitive	9	L2	COS	FO2
υ.	transducers and explain their working.	9	L2	CO3	PO2
c.	Describe the applications of telemetry in wireless transmission of signal				
	with block diagram.	9	L2	CO3	PO2
	UNIT - V				
6 a.	Write a short note on thermocouple materials. State and explain laws of				
	thermocouple.	9	L2	CO1	PO1
b.	Brief on the various methods of strain measurement and strain gauge.	9	L2	CO3	PO2
c.	Describe the steps involved in vacuum pressure measurement using	9	1.2	CO3	DO2
	pirani thermal conductivity gauge.	9	L2	COS	r U2

* * * *