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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Second Semester, B.E. - Semester End Examination; Sep. / Oct. - 2023 Integral Calculus, Partial Differential Equations and Numerical Methods (Common to ME, IP, and AU)

Time: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes

The Students will be able to:

- CO1: **Knowledge** to Evaluate double and triple integration and identify the scalar, vector notation of functions of two and three dimensions, recognize the partial differential equations and Numerical differences.
- CO2: Understand to explain Area, Volume by double integration, change to polar coordinates describe divergence and flux in vector field; classify method of solutions of PDE's, Numerical differentiation and integrations.
- CO3: **Apply** the Mathematical properties to evaluate triple integral and improper integral to interpret the irrotational and solenoidal vector field, find the solutions to problem arises in engineering field
- CO4: Analyze multiple integrals ,vector differentiations and integration, the Mathematical model by partial differential equations, Numerical solution to algebraic and transcendental, ordinary differential equations and familiarize with modern mathematical tools namely SCILAB/PYTHON/MATLAB

Note: I) PART - A is compulsory. Two marks for each question.

II) PART - B: Answer any <u>Two</u> sub questions (from a, b, c) for a Maximum of 18 marks from each unit.

Q. No.	Questions	Marks	BLs	COs	POs		
1 a.	I : PART - A Write the integral expression for volume of a solid obtained by the revolution	10					
ı a.	,	2	L1	CO1	PO1		
	of a curve enclosing an area A about the initial line in the polar form.	2	T 1	000	DO 1		
b.	Define Solenoidal and Irrotational vector.	2	LI	CO2	POI		
c.	Write the order and degree of the partial differential equation:	2	T 1	CO3	DO1		
	$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial^2 x \partial y} = \sin(3x + 2y)$	2	LI	CO3	roi		
d.	Write the Weddle's formula to evaluate $\oint_{0}^{b} f(x)dx$ for $n = 6$.	2	L1	CO4	PO1		
2	Write Modified Euler's formula.	2	Т 1	CO4	DO1		
e.			LI	CO4	POI		
	II : PART - B UNIT - I	90 18					
2 a.	Evaluate $\iint_{\mathbb{R}} xy dx dy$ where \mathbb{R} is the region bounded by the x-axis, ordinate	10					
		9	L1	CO1	PO1		
	$x = 2a$ and the curve $x^2 = 4ay$.						
b.	Evaluate $\bigotimes_{0}^{1} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dy dx$ by changing the order of integration.	9	1.2	CO1	PO1		
	$\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} x \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$		22	COI	101		
c.	i) Define Beta and Gamma function.						
	$\frac{p_2}{2}$ $\frac{p_2}{2}$ $\frac{p_2}{2}$	9	L3	CO1	PO2		
	ii) Show that $\sum_{0}^{\frac{p}{2}} \sin^{p} q \ dq = \sum_{0}^{\frac{p}{2}} \sin^{p+1} q \ dq = \frac{p}{2(p+1)}$						
UNIT - II							
3 a.	If $\varphi = x^2y^2z^3$ and $\vec{F} = 2x \hat{i} + 3yf + 4z k$ find the following:	0		G04	DO1		
	i) $\overrightarrow{F} \cdot \nabla(\varphi)$, ii) $\overrightarrow{F} \times \nabla(\varphi)$ iii) $\nabla(\overrightarrow{F})$	9	L2	CO2	POI		

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- b. Show that $\vec{F} (2xy^2 + yz)\hat{\imath} + (2x^2y + xz + 2yz^2)\hat{\jmath} + (2y^2z + xy)\hat{k}$ is a conservative force field. Find its scalar potential.
- 9 L2 CO2 PO1
- ^{c.} Verify Green's theorem for $\int_c (xy + y^2)dx + x^2 dy$ where c is the closed curve of the region bounded by y = x and $y = x^2$.
- 9 L2 CO2 PO2

UNIT - III

18

4 a. i) Form the partial differential equation, by eliminating the arbitrary constants:

 $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, where a and b are arbitrary constants.

- 9 L2 CO3 PO2
- ii) Find the partial differential equation arising from the equation: $\varphi(x+y+z,xy+z^2)=0$, where φ is an arbitrary function.
- b. Solve the partial differential equation: $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} + 4 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0$, given that z = 0, $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x} = 0$, $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2} = 4$, when x = 0.
- c. Find the various possible solutions of the one dimensional wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ by the method of separation of variables.
 - UNIT IV 18
- 5 a. From the following data estimate the number of students who have scored marks less than 70 by using suitable interpolation formula.
- 9 L2 CO4 PO2

Marks	0 - 20	20 - 40	40 - 60	60 - 80	80 - 100
Number of Students	41	62	65	50	17

- b. i) Write the Newton's divided difference formula for y = f(x) up to third order
 - ii) A function is specified by the following table:

х	1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0
у	0.0	0.128	0.544	1.296	2.432	4.00

9 L3 CO4 PO2

Find the value of f'(1.1).

- c. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ by using Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ th rule taking n = 6 and hence
- 9 L2 CO4 PO1

deduce an approximate value of p.

- 6 a. i) Write the Regula-Falsi iteration formula.
 - ii) Find a positive root of $x^4 x = 10$ correct to three decimal places using 9 L1 CO4 PO1 Newton-Raphson method.
 - b. By using the Runge-Kutta method of order 4, find the approximate value of y(0.5), given $y' = \frac{1}{y+y}$, y(0) = 1, taking step length h = 0.5.
 - c. Given $\frac{dy}{dx} 2e^x y$, compute y at x = 0.4, given y(0) = 2, y(0.1) = 2.010, y(0.2) = 2.04, y(0.3) = 2.09 by Milne's Predictor 9 L2 CO4 PO2 and Corrector method.