

Time: 2 hr.

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P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belagavi)

Second Semester, B.E. - Semester End Examination; Sep. / Oct. - 2023

Scientific Foundation for Health

(Common to all Branches)

Course Outcomes

Max. Marks: 50

The Students will be able to:

CO1: To understand and analyse about Health and wellness (and its Beliefs) & It's balance for positive mindset.

CO2: Develop the healthy lifestyles for good health for their better future.

CO3: Build a Healthy and caring relationships to meet the requirements of good/social/positive life.

CO4: To learn about Avoiding risks and harmful habits in their campus and outside the campus for their bright future.

CO5: Prevent and fight against harmful diseases for good health through positive mindset.

Instructions:

Questions 1 - 25 carry Two marks each; Put a (\checkmark) mark against correct option in the answer sheet.

Q. No	. Questions	BL	COs	POs
1.	What is a common characteristics of health compromising behaviors?	L1	CO4 F	PO1 2
	a) Healthy b) Safe c) Risky d) Beneficial	LI	041	01,2
2.	What is a potential consequences of engaging in poor nutrition habits?			
	a) Improved physical health b) Increased risk of obesity	L1	CO4 F	PO1,2
	c) Decreased risk of heart disease d) Improved mental health			
3.	Which of the following is a potential consequence of engaging in excessive			
	alcohol consumption?	L1	CO4 F	PO1,2
	a) Improved liver function b) Increased risk of liver damage			,
	c) Decreased risk of heart disease d) Improved mental health			
4.	What is the hallmark of addiction?	T 1	CO4 T	001.0
	a) Decreased tolerance b) Improved control	L1	CO4 F	PO1,2
5.	c) Tolerance d) No physical dependence			
5.	What can help reduce the risk of addiction?a) Unhealthy lifestyleb) No lifestyle changes	L1	CO4 F	$D \cap 1 2$
	c) Positive lifestyle changes d) Neglecting self-care	LI	C04 I	101,2
6.	Which of these is the third step in the listening process			
0.	a) Remembering b) Interpreting c) Responding d) Receiving	L1	CO3 F	PO1,2
7.	Which of these is the first step in the listening process?			
	a) Stop talking b) Receiving c) Responding d) Interpreting	L1	CO3 F	PO1,2
8.	is a means of communication without words.			
	a) Object communication b) Written communication	L1	CO3 F	PO1,2
	c) Oral communication d) Non-verbal communication			,
9.	At each stage in the process of Communication there is a possibility			
	of interference which may hinder the process. Such Interference is known as	L1	CO3 F	PO1,2
	a) Sender b) Receiver c) Barrier d) None of them			
10.	Which of these listening skills mainly focuses on feelings and emotions of the speaker?			
	a) Informative listening b) Discriminative listening	L1	CO3 I	PO12
	c) Biased listening d) Sympathetic listening	LI	CO3 F	01,2
	Contd2			

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11.	The ability of heart and lungs to deliver enough oxygen to the different body parts	5
	a) Muscular Strengthb) Muscular Strength endurancec) Flexibilityd) Cardio-respiratory endurance	L1 CO2 PO1,2
12.	Ability to touch our toes is an example of	
	a) Muscular endurance b) Muscular strength	L1 CO2 PO1,2
	c) Aerobic fitness d) Flexibility	
13.	What constituent of food forms the bulk of what we eat every day?	
	a) Vitamins b) Minerals c) Macronutrients d) Micronutrients	L1 CO2 PO1,2
14.	Which of these is positive Guna?	
	a) Rajo b) Thamo c) Sattva d) None	L1 CO2 PO1,2
15.	The amount of force that a muscle can produce	
	a) Muscular Strength endurance b) Muscular Strength c) Power d) Speed	L1 CO2 PO1,2
16.	Which is one benefit of regular check-ups and preventive screening?	
	a) Making health problems worse b) Ignoring potential health problems	
	c) Identifying and preventing health problems before they become serious	L1 CO5 PO1,2
	d) Delaying treatment	
17.	What is one benefit of vaccination?	
	a) Increasing the spread of illness b) Making the body weaker	L1 CO5 PO1,2
	c) Causing harm	21 005 101,2
	d) Preventing many diseases and reducing the spread of illness	
18.	What is the second step in the process of infection?	
	a) Symptoms and complications b) Entry and colonization	L1 CO5 PO1,2
	c) Pathogen exposure d) Immune response	
19.	What is the another reason for infection?	
	a) Strong immune system b) No travel	L1 CO5 PO1,2
20	c) No exposure to contaminated water or air d) Weakened immune system	
20.	What is the importance of early detection and treatment of transmitted infections?	
	a) To spread the infection to othersb) To make it difficult for people to access healthears	
	b) To make it difficult for people to access healthcarec) To minimize the potential for long-term health problems	L1 CO5 PO1,2
	d) To face stigma and discrimination	
21.		
21.	a) Cause of b) Underpinning of c) Testing of d) None	L1 CO1 PO1,2
22.	The termmeans keeping clean to prevent the spread of disease.	
	a) Hygiene b) Refusal skills c) Social health d) Wellness	L1 CO1 PO1,2
23.	The life skill that helps you deal with problems and emotions is an effective way	
	to	
	a) Setting goals b) Communicating effectively	L1 CO1 PO1,2
	c) Copying d) Assessing your health	
24.	Which of the following diseases is NOT affected by heredity?	L1 CO1 PO1,2
	a) Asthma b) Chickenpox c)Allergies d) Cancer	Li COI 101,2
25.	Stress effect on health can be	L1 CO1 PO1,2
	a) Curable b) Non-curable c) Manageable d) None of the above	21 201 101,2