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	<i>U.S.N</i>	
7	P.E.S. College of Engineering, Mandya - 571 401   (An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU, Belgaum)   Fourth Semester, B.E Automobile Engineering   Semester End Examination; June/July - 2015   Automotive Engines and Components   Sime: 3 hrs	
	ote: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting ONE full question from each Unit.	
	UNIT - I	
1. a.	Write a note on History of Automobiles.	4
b.	Give the classifications of Heat Engines.	4
c.	With a neat sketch, explain the working principle of Four stroke S.I. Engine.	8
d.	Differentiate between SI and CI engines.	4
2 a.	Explain the merits and demerits of Petrol Engines.	6
b.	Discuss the differences between ideal and actual valve timing diagram of a four stroke SI	8
	engines, duly mentioning the effects of mechanical and dynamic factors.	-
c.	Give the comparison for two stroke and four stroke engines.	6
	UNIT - II	
3 a.	Describe the following with respect to function and constructional materials used for;	12
	i) Cylinder Block ii) Cylinder Head iii) Crank case	
b.	With a neat sketch explain functionalities of different parts of cylinder block.	8
4 a.	Sketch and Explain:	8
	i) Effect of firing order on exhaust manifold in a multi cylinder engine ii) Reactive muffler.	÷
b.	Explain the factors considered while tuning exhaust and intake manifolds.	6
c.	A four stroke diesel engine has the following specifications: Brake power = $5 \text{ kW}$ ;	
	Speed = $1200$ r.p.m.; Indicated mean effective pressure-0.35 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; Mechanical	6
	efficiency = 80%. Determine:	
	(i) bore and length of the cylinder (ii) thickness of the cylinder head.	
_	UNIT - III	
5 a.	With a neat sketch explain the functionalities of parts of petrol engine piston.	8
b.	Describe the methods of expansion control in piston.	6
c.	Determine the thickness of a head of the cast iron piston for a single acting four stroke engine	
	for the following data ; Cylinder bore = 100 mm ; Stroke = 125 mm ; Maximum gas	-
	pressure = $5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Indicated mean effective pressure = $0.75 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ; mechanical efficiency =	6
	80% ; Fuel consumption = 0.15 kg per brake power per hour; Higher calorific value of fuel = 42103 kJ/kg; Speed=2000r.p.m.	
6. a	What are the functions of piston rings to be performed in an engine?	6

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b.	With a neat sketch, explain the functions of cylinder liners. What is the difference between dry and wet liners?	6
c.	What are the essential requirements to be satisfied by materials for the following automobile engine components; i) Piston ii) Piston rings iii) Cylinder block iv) Crank Shaft	8
7 .	UNIT - IV	2
	Why connecting rod is necessary in multi cylinder engines?	2
	With a neat sketch explain different arrangements of connecting piston and connecting rod. Design a I - Section of the connecting rod for an I.C. engine running at 1800 r.p.m. and developing a maximum pressure of 3.15 N/mm <sup>2</sup> The diameter of the piston is 100 mm ; mass of the reciprocating parts per cylinder 2.25 kg; length of connecting rod 380 mm; stroke of piston 190 mm and compression ratio 6 : 1. Take a factor of safety of 6 for the design. Take length to diameter ratio for bearing as 1.3and small end bearing as 2 and the corresponding bearing pressures as 10 N/mm <sup>2</sup> and 15 N/mm <sup>2</sup> .The density of material of the rod may be taken as 8000 kg/m <sup>3</sup> and the allowable stress in the bolts as 60 N/mm <sup>2</sup> and in cap as 80 N/mm <sup>2</sup> . The rod is to be of I-section for which you can choose your own Proportions.	8
8 a.	What do you understand by engine balancing?	4
b.	What are the methods of minimizing the crank shaft torsional vibrations, Explain briefly.	8
c.	Sketch a typical crank shaft used for a four cylinder engine. Indicate clearly the position of pins and journals and the provision for lubrication, What are the materials used for crank shafts?	8
	UNIT - V	
9 a.	With a neat sketch, explain variable valve timing mechanism.	6
b.	Explain the advantages of using sodium cooled valve.	4
c.	Design the various components of the valve mechanism for a horizontal diesel engine for the	
	following data: Bore =140 mm ; Stroke = 270 mm ; Power = 8.25 kW ; Speed - 475 r.p.m.;	10
	Maximum gas pressure = $3.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .	
10a.	Explain the functions of timing gears and timing chain.	4
b.	List various types of side cam shaft and over head cam shaft mechanisms. Explain with simple sketches any two in each case.	6
c.	Write a note on Morse test.	4
d.	During 15 minutes trial of an internal combustion engine of 2-stroke single cylinder type the	
	total 4 kg fuel is consumed while the engine is run at 1500 rpm. Engine is cooled employing water being circulated at 15 kg/min with its inlet and exit temperatures as 27°C and 50°C. The total air consumed is 150 kg and the exhaust temperature is 400°C. The atmospheric temperature is 27°C. The mean specific heat of exhaust gases may be taken as 1.25 kJ/kg K. The mechanical efficiency is 0.9. Determine the brake power, brake specific fuel consumption and indicated thermal efficiency. Also draw energy balance on per minute basis. Brake torque	4
	is 300 Nm and the fuel calorific value is 42 MJ/kg.	

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